

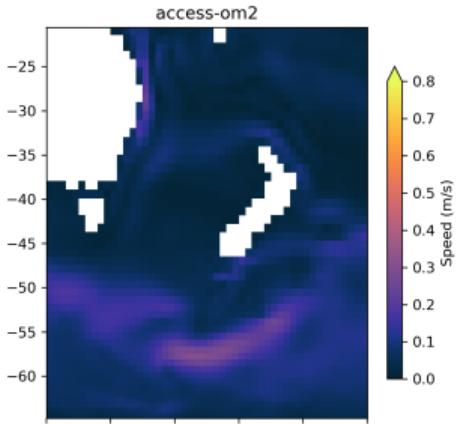
# ACCESS-OM2 update

Andrew Kiss (ANU)  
and many, many contributors  
from the COSIMA community

# Consistent global configurations at three horizontal resolutions

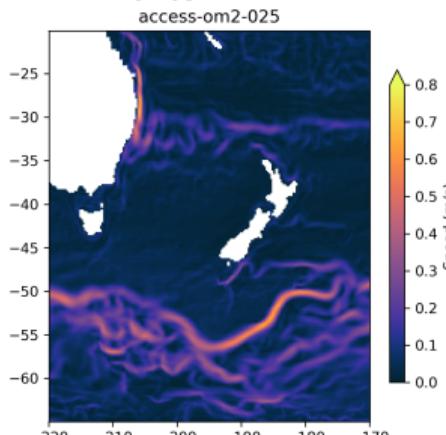
## ACCESS-OM2

- ▶ not eddy-resolving
- ▶  $1^\circ$  horizontal grid  
 $360 \times 300$  cells, 24–111 km
- ▶ 50  $z^*$  levels  
 $\Delta z = 2.3\text{--}220\text{ m}$
- ▶ fast and cheap  
 $\sim 24\text{ min/yr}, 0.1\text{ kCPU hr/yr}$   
on 252 PEs,  $dt=5400\text{ s}$
- ▶ suits many-century experiments



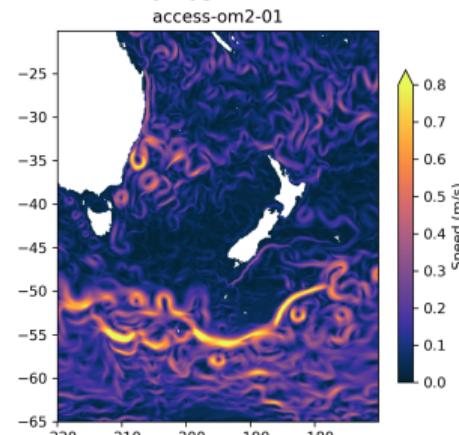
## ACCESS-OM2-025

- ▶ eddy “permitting”
- ▶  $0.25^\circ$  horizontal grid  
 $1440 \times 1080$  cells, 6.0–27.8 km
- ▶ 50  $z^*$  levels  
 $\Delta z = 2.3\text{--}220\text{ m}$
- ▶ fairly fast, less cheap  
 $105\text{ min/yr}, 4.5\text{ kCPU hr/yr}$   
on 1824 PEs,  $dt=1800\text{ s}$
- ▶ suits few-century experiments



## ACCESS-OM2-01

- ▶ eddy-rich
- ▶  $0.1^\circ$  horizontal grid  
 $3600 \times 2700$  cells, 2.2–11.1 km
- ▶ 75  $z^*$  levels  
 $\Delta z = 1.1\text{--}198\text{ m}$
- ▶ slow, expensive  
 $9\text{ hr/yr}, 55\text{--}65\text{ kCPU hr/yr}$   
on 5096 PEs,  $dt=600\text{ s}$
- ▶ suits multi-decade experiments



## Linkages

The ACCESS-OM2 suite links Australia's climate modelling, ocean forecasting, and university oceanographic research communities:

- ▶ **ACCESS-OM2 at 1° is the ocean and sea-ice component used in the new ACCESS-CM2 coupled climate model**, as part of NESP Earth Systems and Climate Change Hub Project 2.1 "Preparing ACCESS for CMIP6" (Marsland, Bi, Dobrohotoff, Sullivan, Dias and Savita)
- ▶ **ACCESS-OM2-01 to be used for the next generation of Bluelink**, starting with reanalysis (BRAN2020), leading to OceanMAPSv4.0 with ocean and sea-ice ensemble data assimilation, extending Bluelink reanalyses and forecasts to global coverage, including sea ice (Sandery, Sakov, Brassington, Chamberlain, Divakaran, Oke, Fiedler, et al.)
- ▶ **ACCESS-OM2 code, multi-resolution configurations, inputs and outputs are freely available to researchers**

# Research projects using the ACCESS-OM2 suite

## 1. Advection and eddy-induced transports in global ocean heat & salt budgets

F. Boeira Dias, C. Domingues, S. Marsland, R. Matear, S. Rintoul, R. Fiedler, S. Griffies

## 2. Tracer transport in thermodynamics coordinates

R. Holmes, J. Zika, M. England, C. Bladwell, M. Huguenin-Virchaux, P. Spence, K. Stewart, A. Hogg, S. Griffies

## 3. Sensitivity of Southern Ocean heat and momentum uptake to vertical resolution at the ocean surface

Kial Stewart, Andy Hogg

## 4. Ocean heat recycling during El Nino

Maurice Huguenin-Virchaux, Ryan Holmes, Matthew England

## 5. Understanding drivers and mechanisms for the Southern Ocean heat uptake and redistribution

Kewei Lyu, Xuebin Zhang, and John Church

## 6. Sensitivity of marine heatwave metrics to ocean model resolution

Gabriela S. Pilo, Neil Holbrook, Andrew Kiss, Andy Hogg

## Research projects (cont'd)

7. **Lagrangian methods to examine future change in ocean tracer movement**  
Annette Stellema, Alex Sen Gupta
8. **Analysis of September 2016 extreme Antarctic sea ice loss**  
Will Hobbs, Andrew Kiss, Amelie Meyer, Matt England and Julie Arblaster
9. **Model evaluation of Antarctic sea ice volume**  
Will Hobbs
10. **Antarctic sea-ice distribution in ACCESS-OM2**  
Petra Heil, Phoebe Hudson, Andrew Kiss
11. **Antarctic sea ice biases, parameter sensitivity and optimisation**  
Andrew Kiss, Petra Heil, Andy Hogg, Matthew England
12. **Linkage of Antarctic coastal polynyas (sea ice properties and water mass properties) to climate indices like the Southern Annular Mode**  
Zhaoru Zhang, Matthew England

## Research projects (cont'd)

### 13. Response of the Agulhas retroflection standing meander to climate change

N. Constantinou, A. Meyer, N. Bindoff, S. Wotherspoon, C. Langlais, B. Legresy, A. Hogg, R. Graham

### 14. Western boundary current dynamics in ACCESS-OM2-01

Xihan Zhang, Andrew Kiss

### 15. ACCESS-OM2 inter-comparison of key oceanic processes around Australia at 1, 0.25 and 1/10 degree

Earl Duran, Matthew England, Paul Spence

### 16. Understanding what drives seasonality in Southern Ocean eddies

Shweta Sharma, Matthew England, Shane Keating, Ryan Holmes

### 17. Kinetic energy trends in mesoscale eddies

Josué Martínez-Moreno, Andy Hogg, Andrew Kiss, Navid Constantinou, Adele Morrison

### 18. Mesoscale eddy detection

Michael Denes, Gary Froyland, Shane Keating

## Research projects (cont'd)

**19. JRA55-based repeat year forcing datasets for driving ocean-sea-ice models**

Stewart, Kim, Urakawa, Hogg, Yeager, Tsujino, Nakano, Kiss & Danabasoglu

**20. Ocean-sea-ice responses to extreme SAM conditions**

Stewart, England, Hogg & Chapman

**21. Changes to near Antarctic ocean circulation in response to increasing glacial meltwater inputs**

Ruth Moorman, Adele Morrison, Andy Hogg

**22. Teleconnection of ENSO to the Amundsen Sea Low on the Southern Ocean Mixed-Layer Depth**

Qian Li, Matthew England

**23. Biogeochemistry modelling with ACCESS-OM2**

Hakase Hayashida, Richard Matear, Pete Strutton

## Research projects (cont'd)

24. **Understanding the role of transport barriers in ocean ventilation**  
Andreas Klocker
25. **Ocean-ice interaction in subpolar Southern Ocean generates ocean pycnocline**  
A. Klocker, A. Navaira Garabato, A. Forryan, C. de Lavergne, S. Rintoul
26. **Influence of seasonal forcing variability on the mean state of the Indonesian Seas (1/25° MITgcm regional model forced at boundaries by ACCESS-OM2-01)**  
Océane Richet, Bernadette Sloyan, Beatriz Peña-Molino, Maxim Nikurashin, Susan Wijffels
27. **Interdependence of internal tide and lee wave generation at abyssal hills**  
Callum Shakespeare
28. **The Atlantic meridional overturning circulation in high resolution models**  
Hirschi, Barnier, Boning, Biastoch, . . . Kiss, . . . Spence, et al.

*and more!*

# ACCESS-OM2 model announcement and assessment paper

Geosci. Model Dev. Discuss., <https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-2019-106>

Manuscript under review for journal Geosci. Model Dev.

Discussion started: 30 April 2019

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## ACCESS-OM2: A Global Ocean-Sea Ice Model at Three Resolutions

Andrew E. Kiss<sup>1,2</sup>, Andrew McC. Hogg<sup>1,2</sup>, Nicholas Hannah<sup>3</sup>, Fabio Boeira Dias<sup>2,4,5,6</sup>, Gary B. Brassington<sup>7</sup>, Matthew A. Chamberlain<sup>4</sup>, Christopher Chapman<sup>4</sup>, Peter Dobrohotoff<sup>4,5</sup>, Catia M. Domingues<sup>2,5,6</sup>, Earl R. Duran<sup>8</sup>, Matthew H. England<sup>2,8</sup>, Russell Fiedler<sup>4</sup>, Stephen M. Griffies<sup>9,10</sup>, Aidan Heerdegen<sup>1,2</sup>, Petra Heil<sup>6,11</sup>, Ryan M. Holmes<sup>2,8,12</sup>, Andreas Klocker<sup>2,6</sup>, Simon J. Marsland<sup>2,4,5,6</sup>, Adele K. Morrison<sup>1,2</sup>, James Munroe<sup>13</sup>, Peter R. Oke<sup>4</sup>, Maxim Nikurashin<sup>2,5</sup>, Gabriela S. Pilo<sup>2,5</sup>, Océane Richet<sup>4,14</sup>, Abhishek Savita<sup>2,4,5,6</sup>, Paul Spence<sup>2,8</sup>, Kial D. Stewart<sup>1,8</sup>, Marshall L. Ward<sup>9,15</sup>, Fanghua Wu<sup>16</sup>, and Xihan Zhang<sup>1,2</sup>

### ACCESS-OM2 ( $1^\circ$ ) (Abhishek Savita)

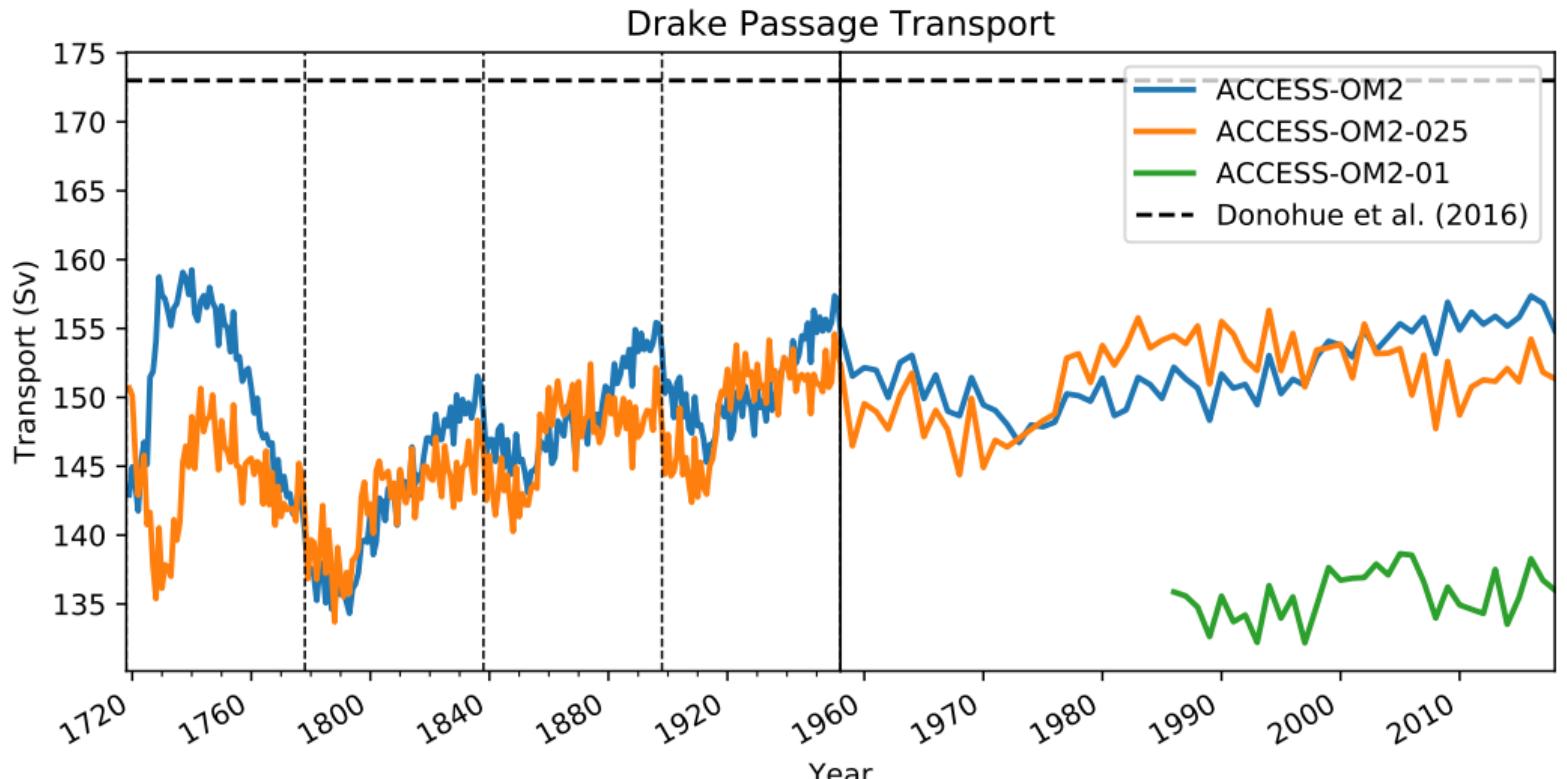
- ▶ 300-yr run: five 1958–2017 JRA55-do cycles starting from WOA13

### ACCESS-OM2-025 ( $0.25^\circ$ ) (Andy Hogg)

- ▶ 300-yr run: five 1958–2017 JRA55-do cycles, starting from WOA13

### ACCESS-OM2-01 ( $0.1^\circ$ ) (Andrew Kiss)

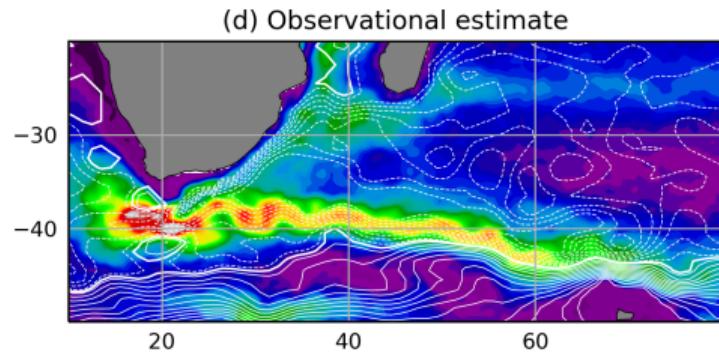
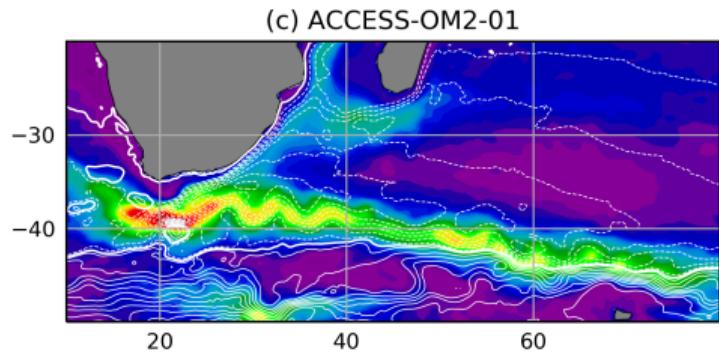
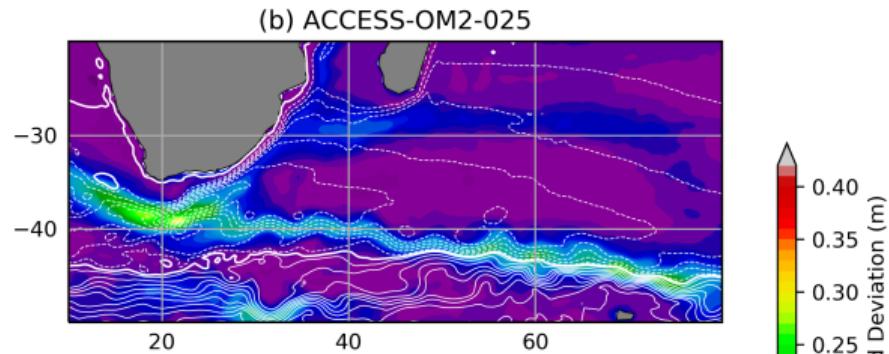
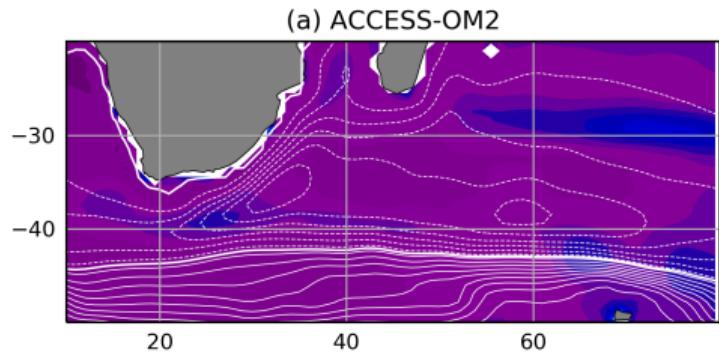
- ▶ 33-yr run, JRA55-do 1985–2017, spunup with 40 years of repeated May 1984 – April 1985 JRA55-do forcing starting from WOA13



Four 60-year JRA55-do cycles

Fifth cycle (expanded time scale)

# Agulhas barotropic streamfunction and SSH variability

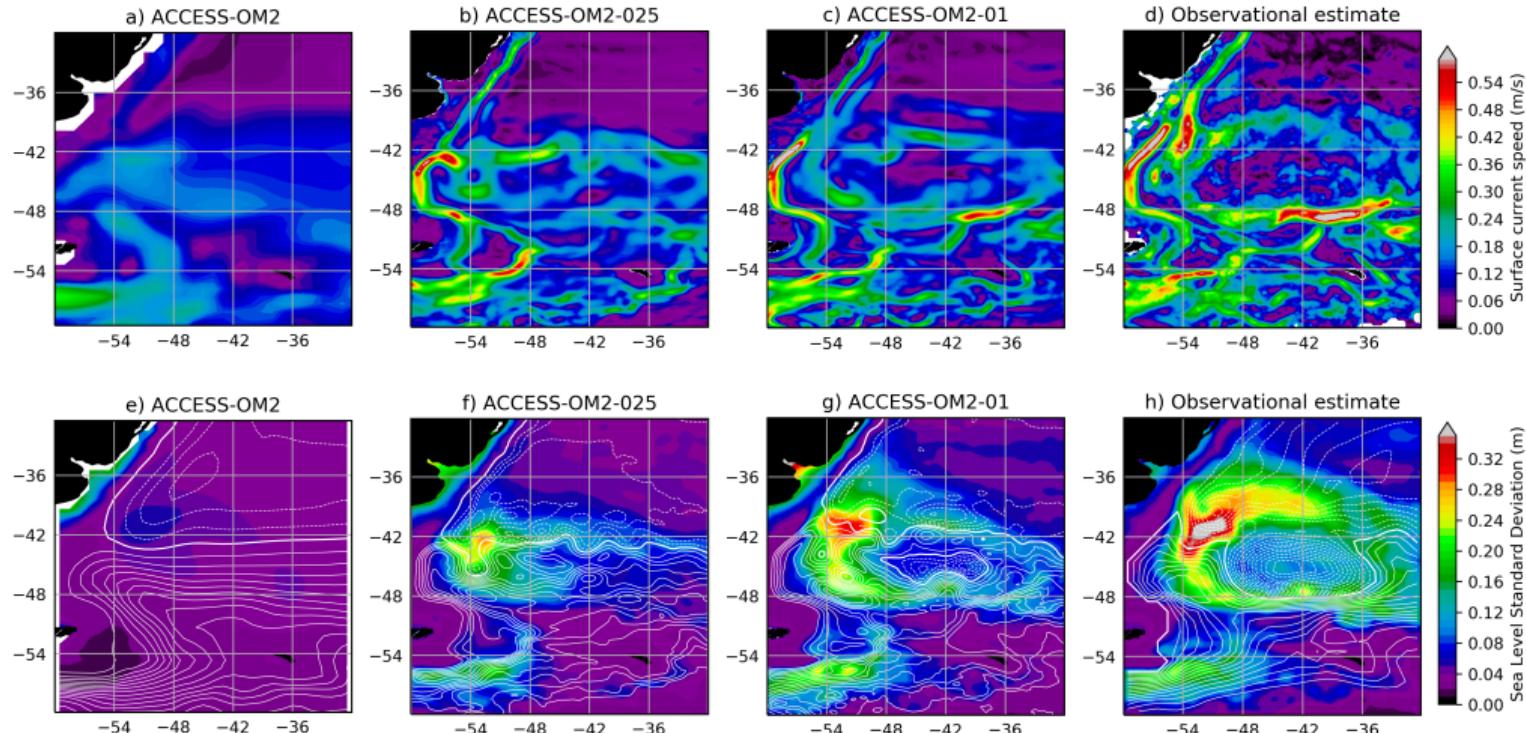


Sea Level Standard Deviation (m)

A vertical color bar indicating the range of Sea Level Standard Deviation from 0.00 m (black) to 0.40 m (red). The values are labeled on the right side of the bar: 0.00, 0.10, 0.20, 0.30, and 0.40.

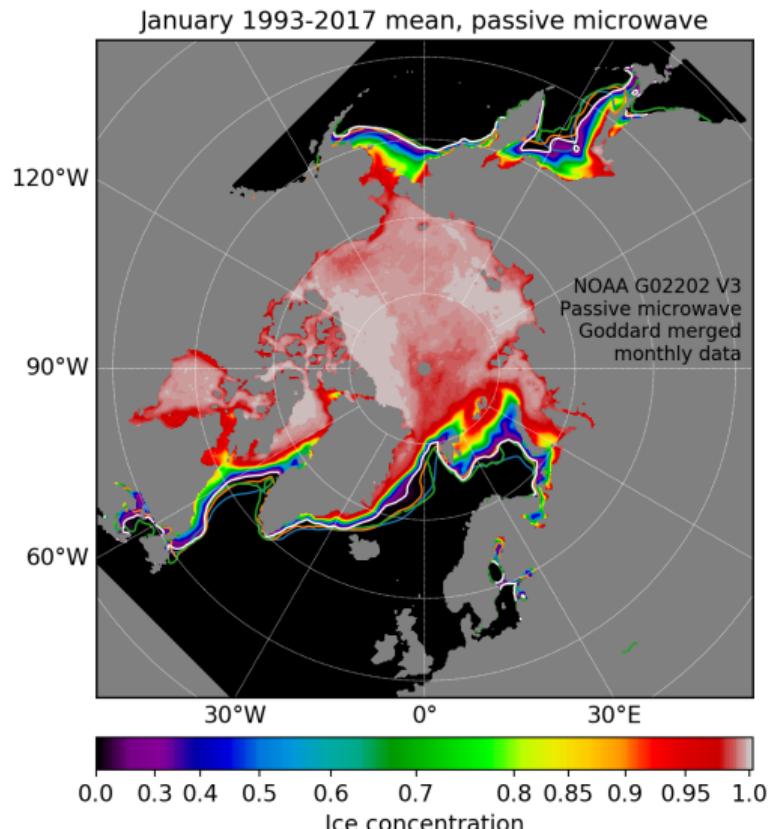
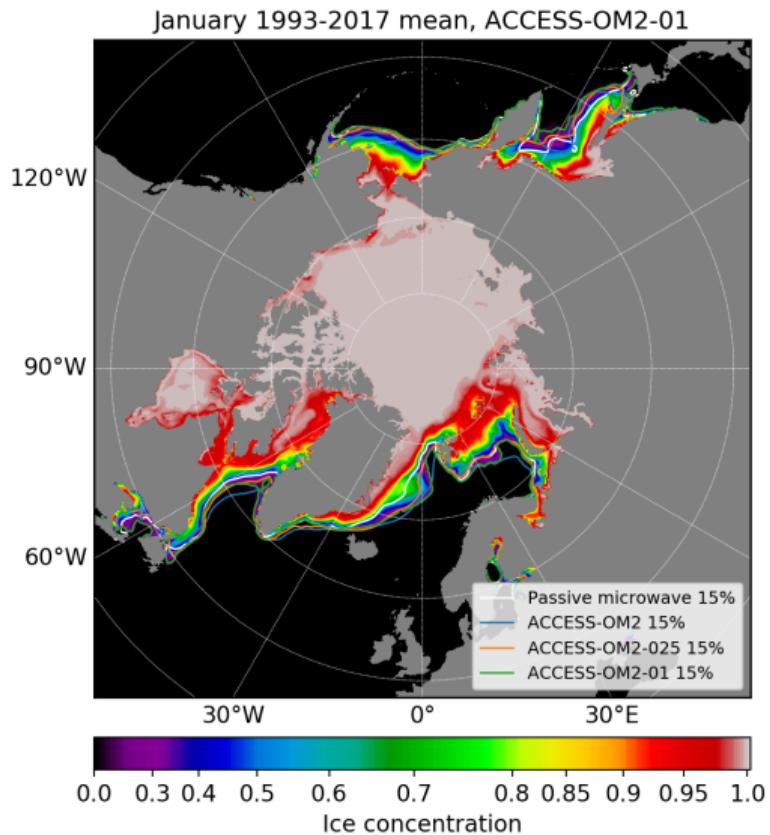
Obs: AVISO and Colin de Verdière & Ollitrault, JPO 2016

# Brazil-Malvinas speed, barotropic streamfunction and SSH variability

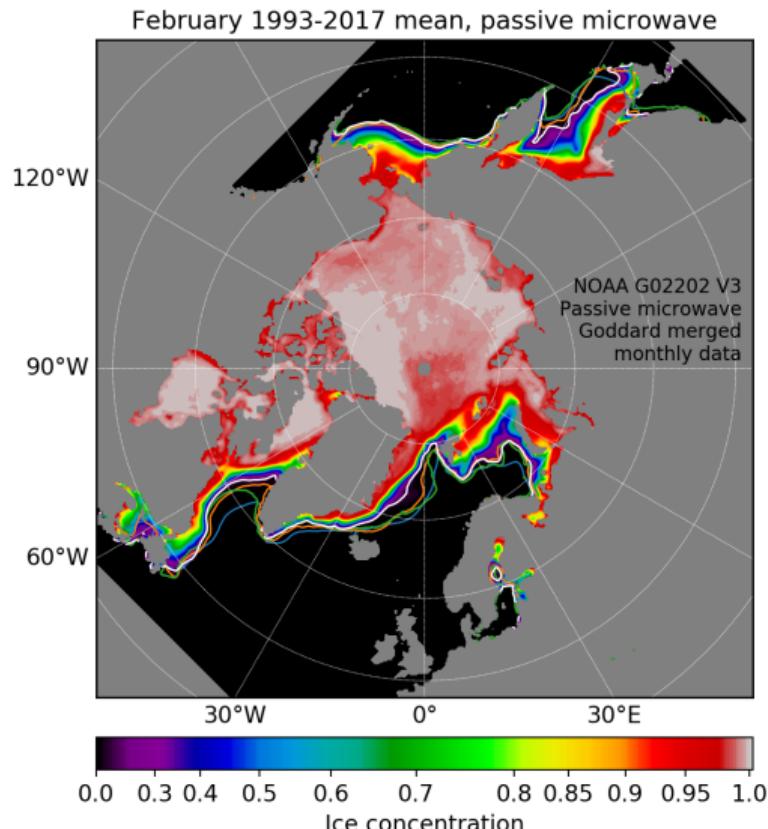
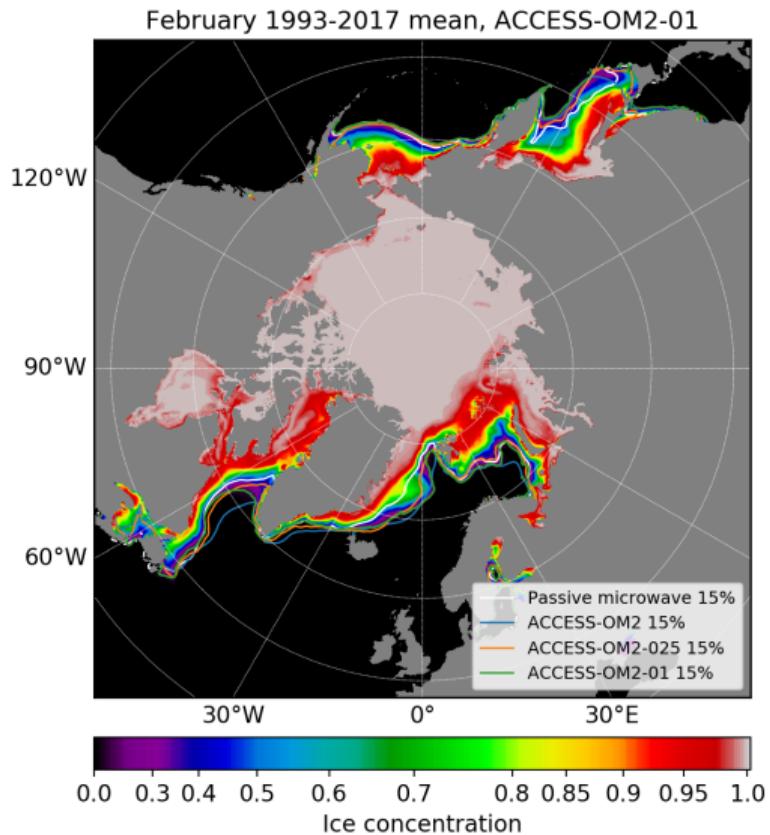


Obs: Laurindo et al., DSR 2017, AVISO and Colin de Verdière & Ollitrault, JPO 2016

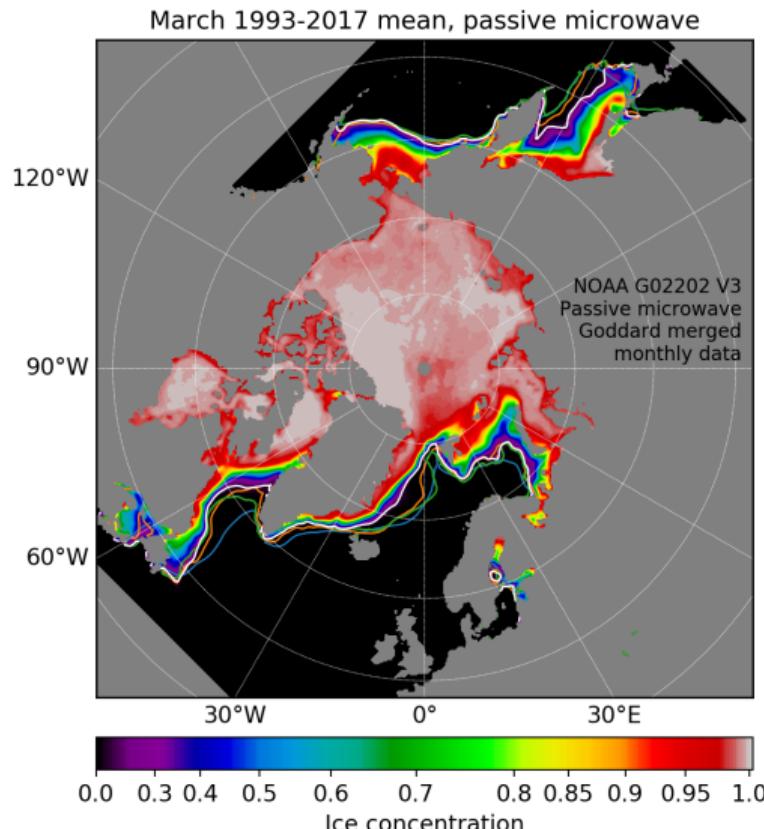
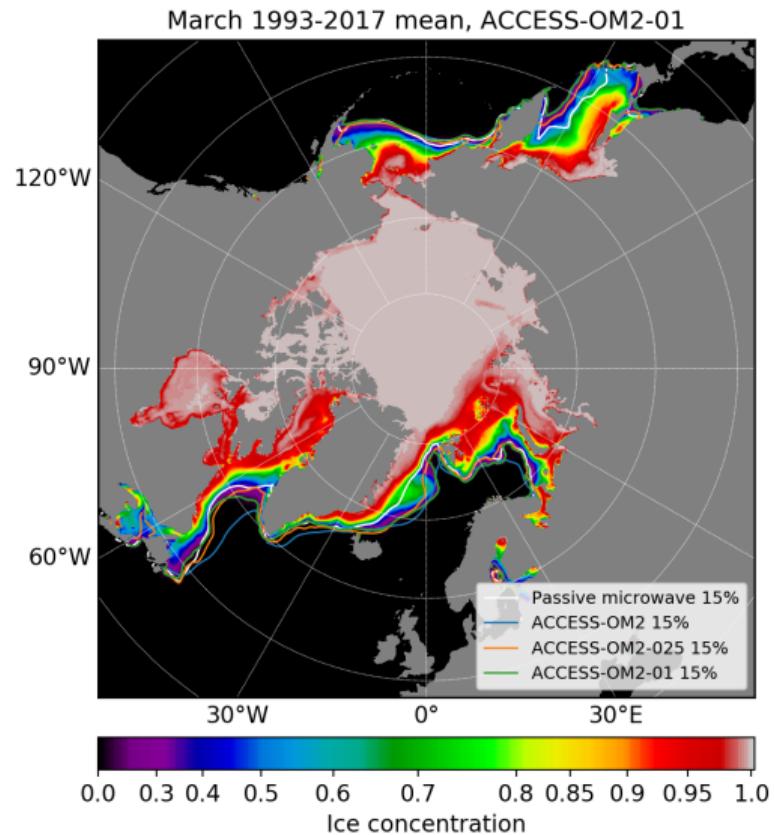
# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)



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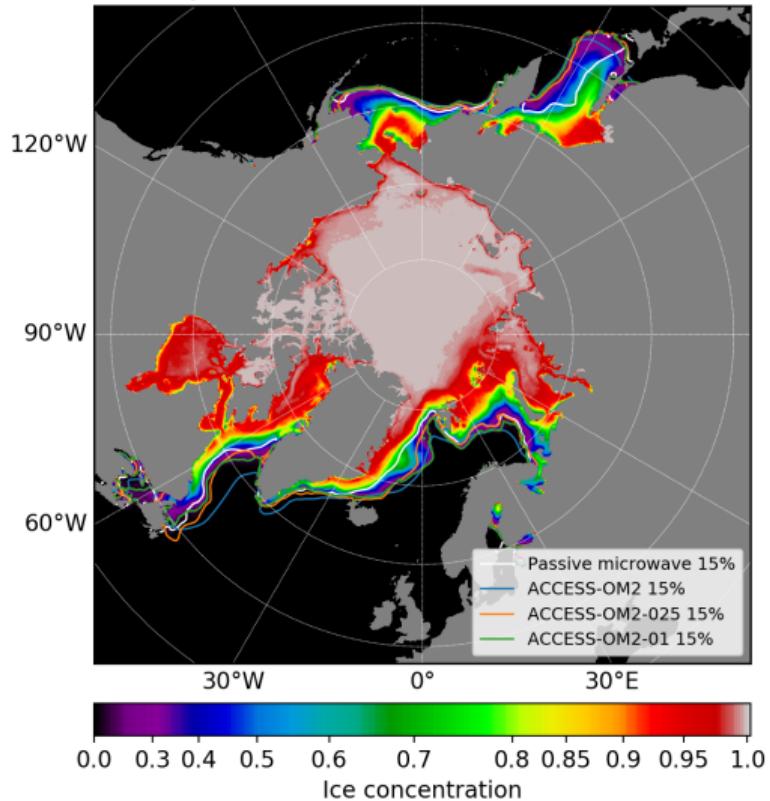


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

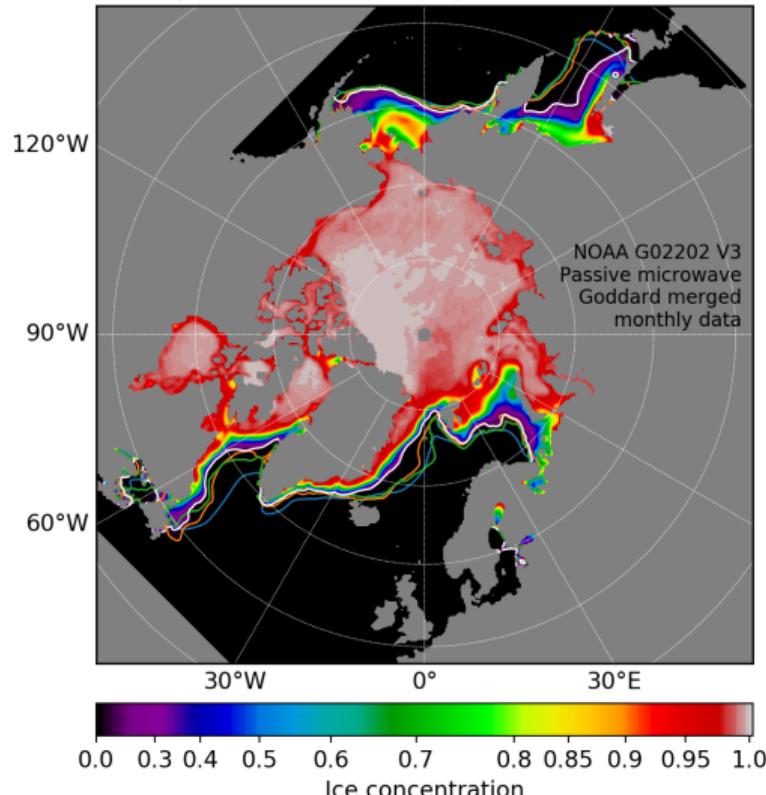


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

April 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

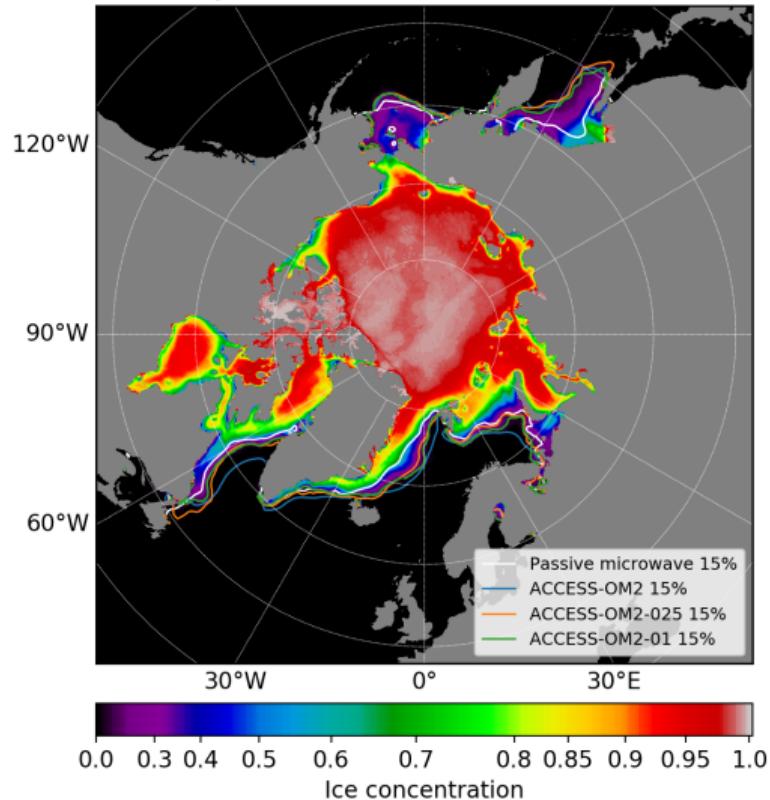


April 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

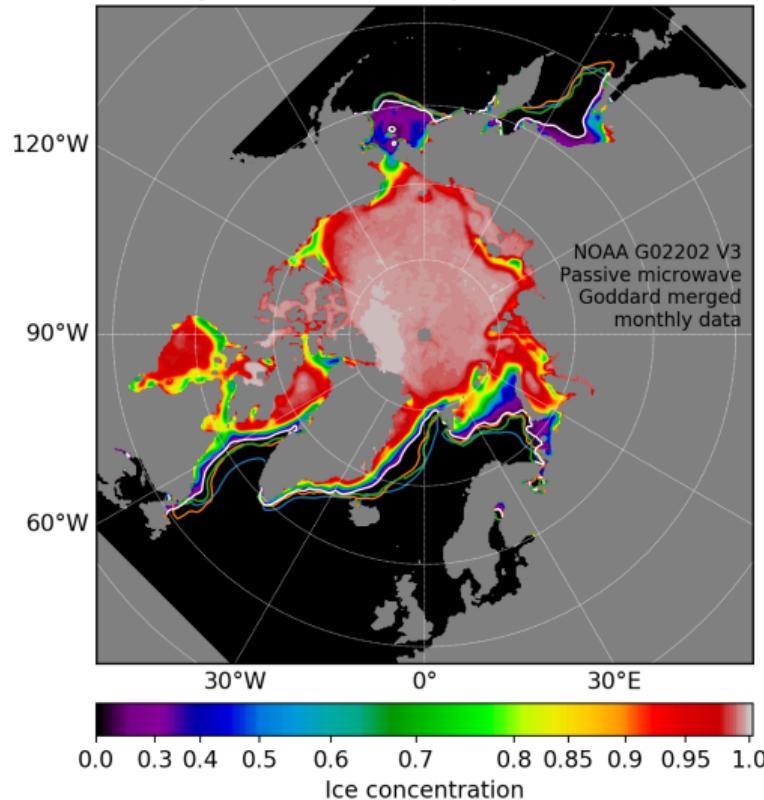


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

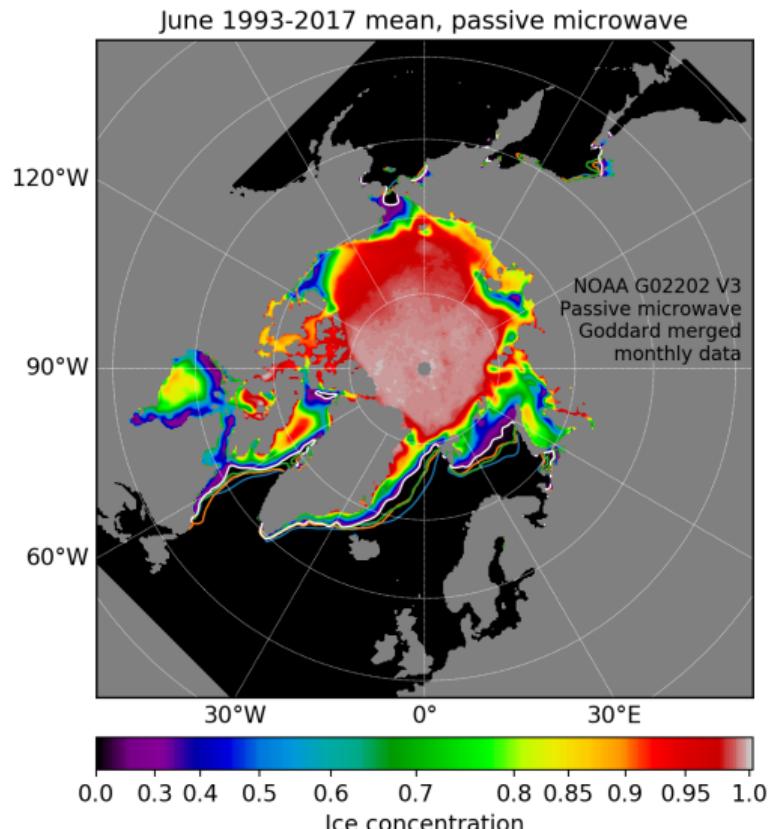
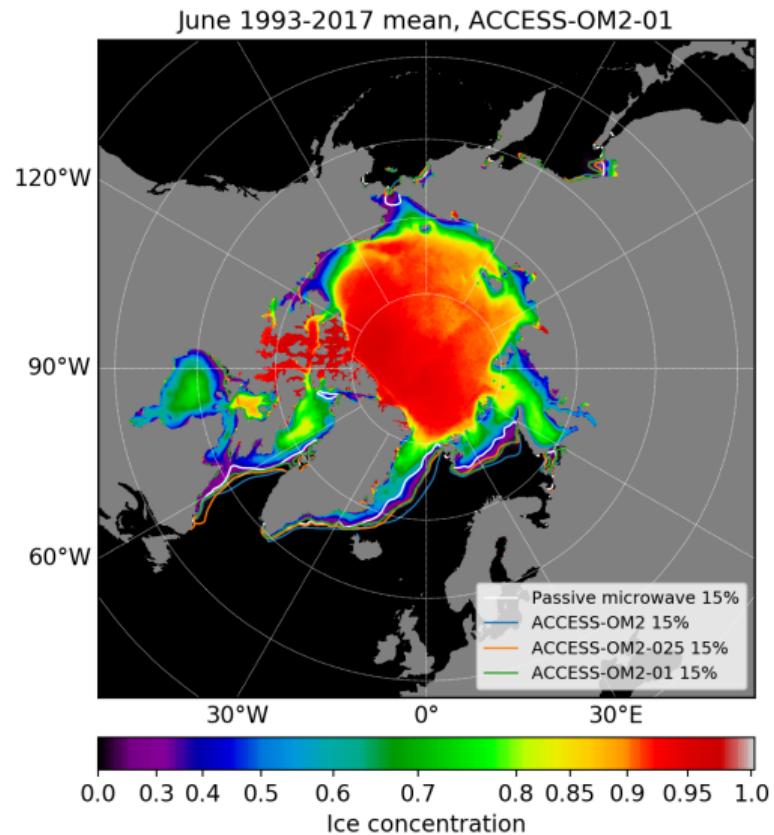
May 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01



May 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

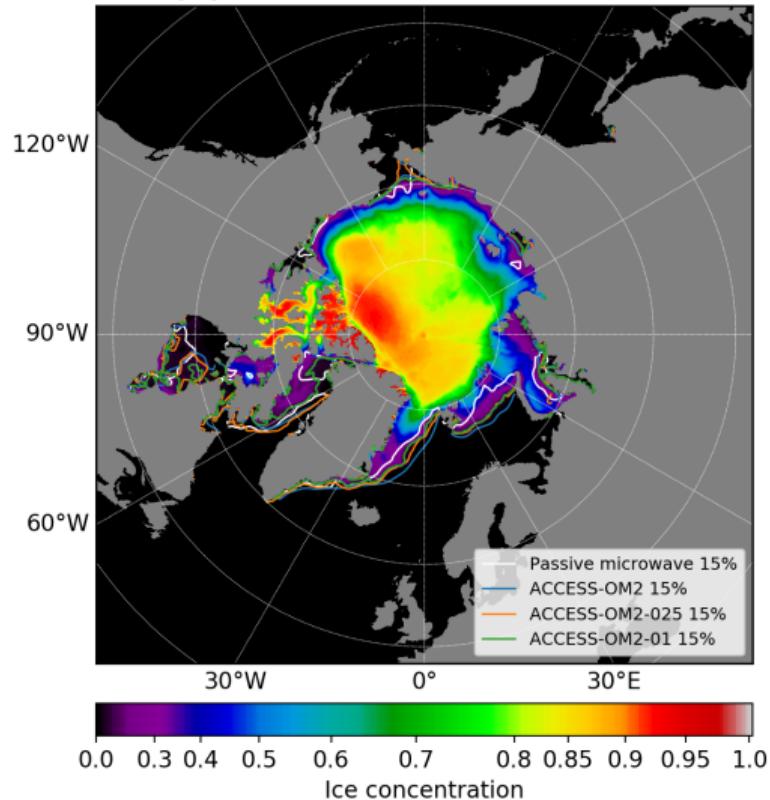


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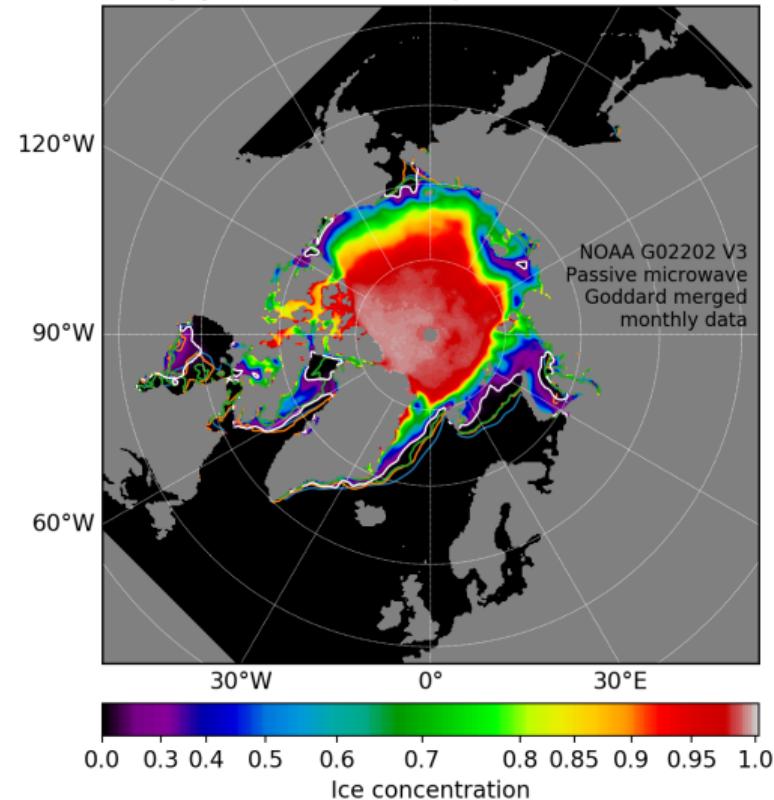


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

July 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

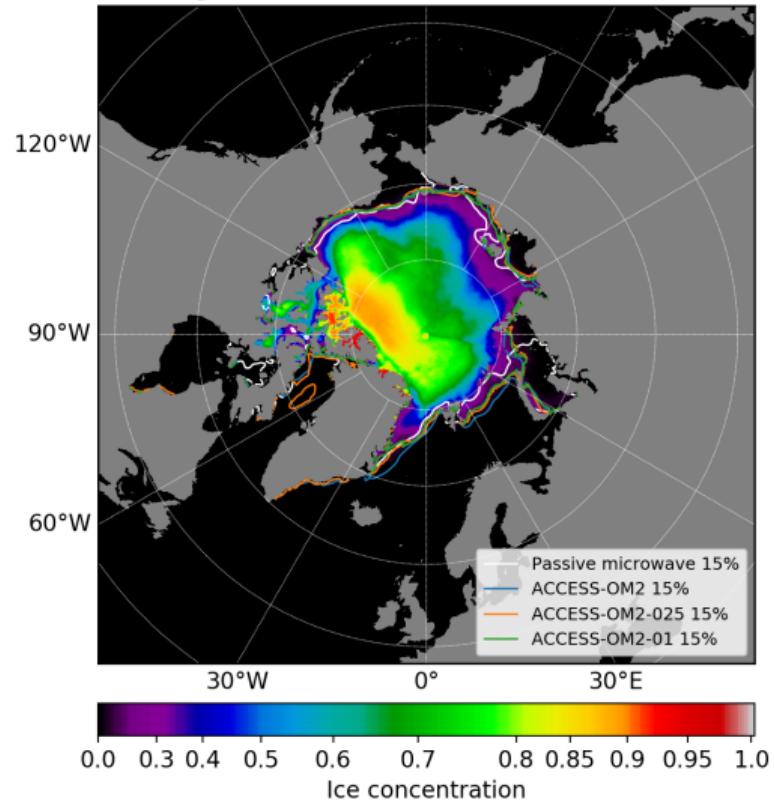


July 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

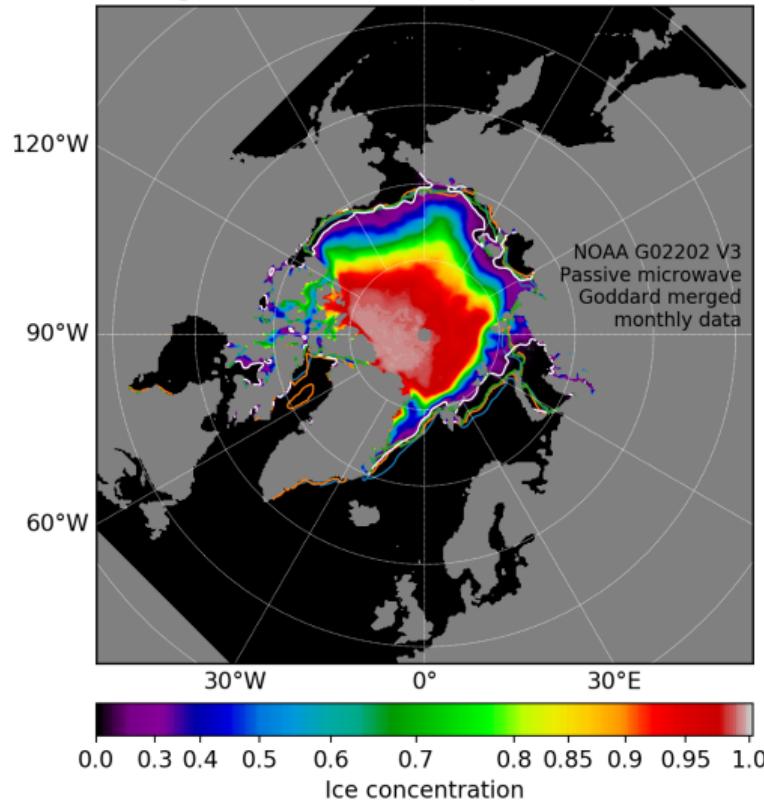


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

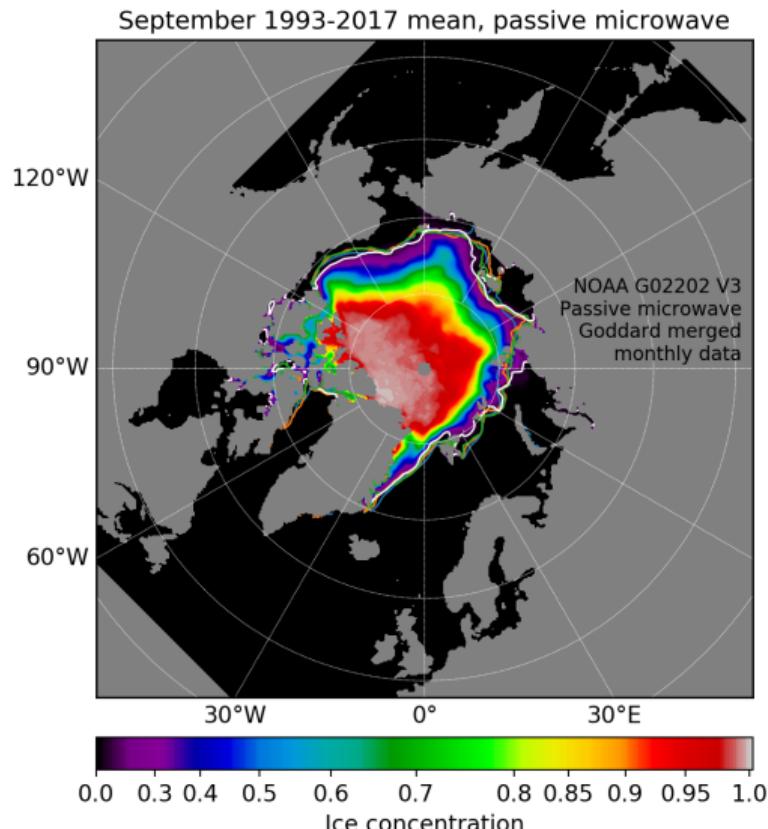
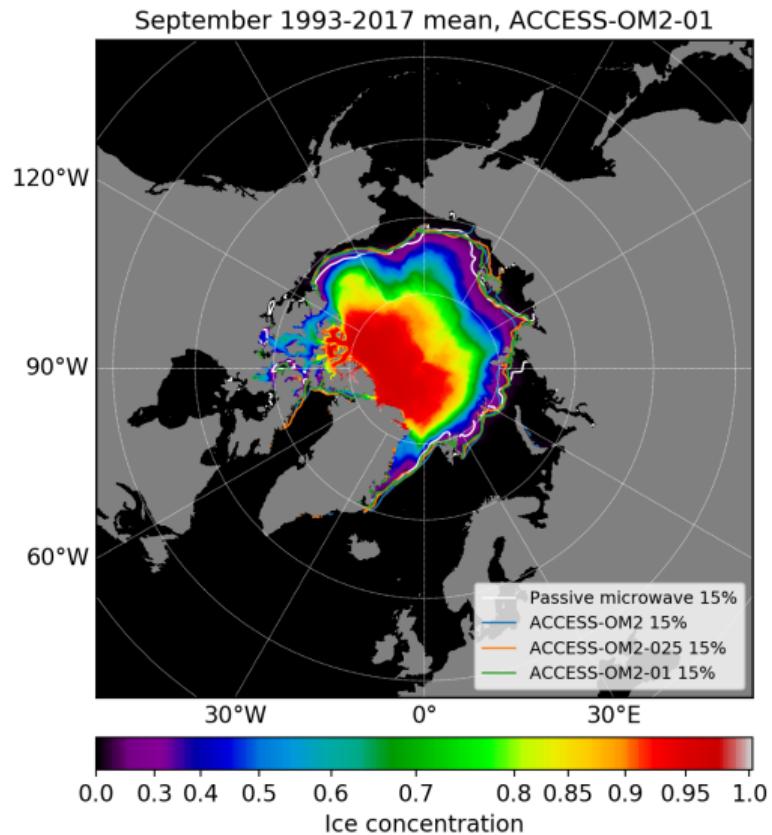
August 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01



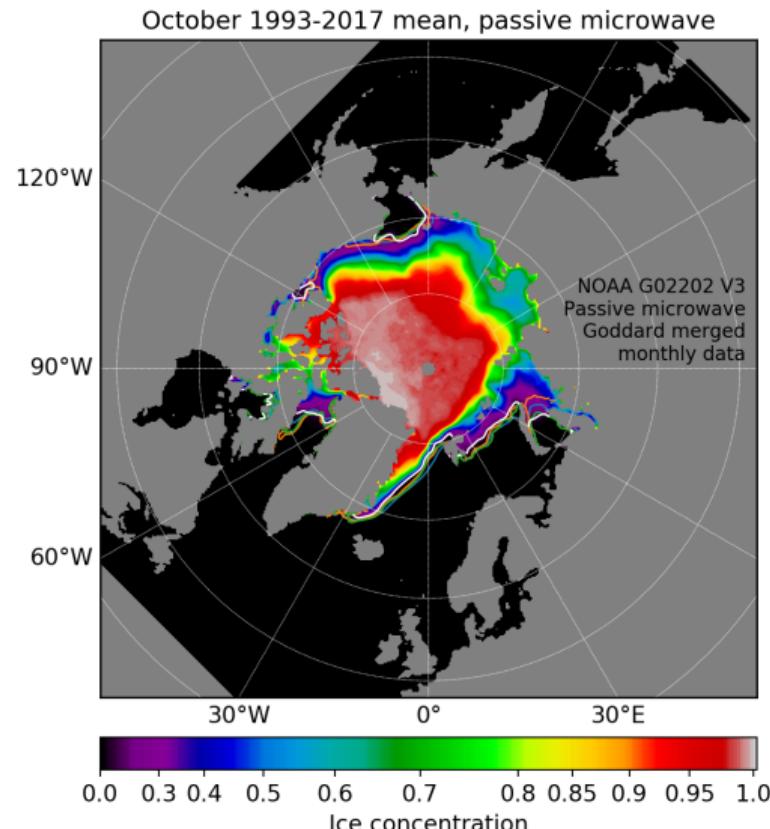
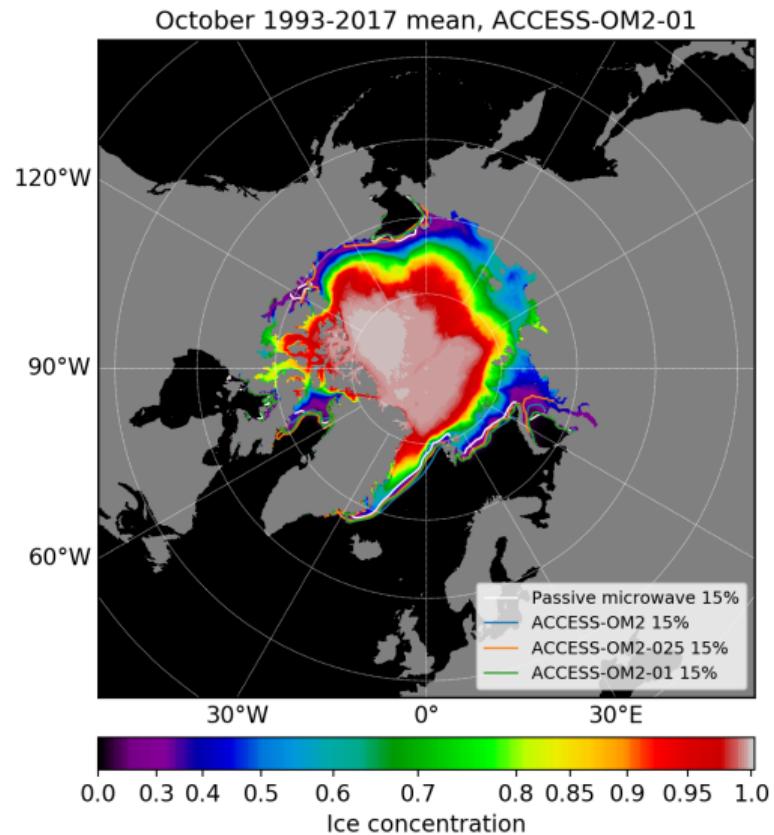
August 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave



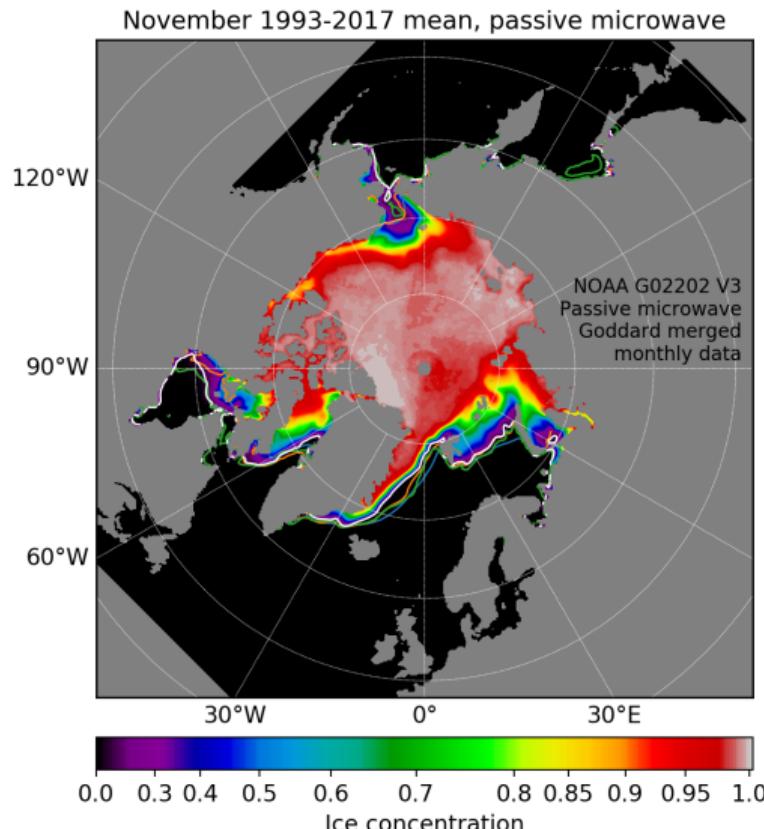
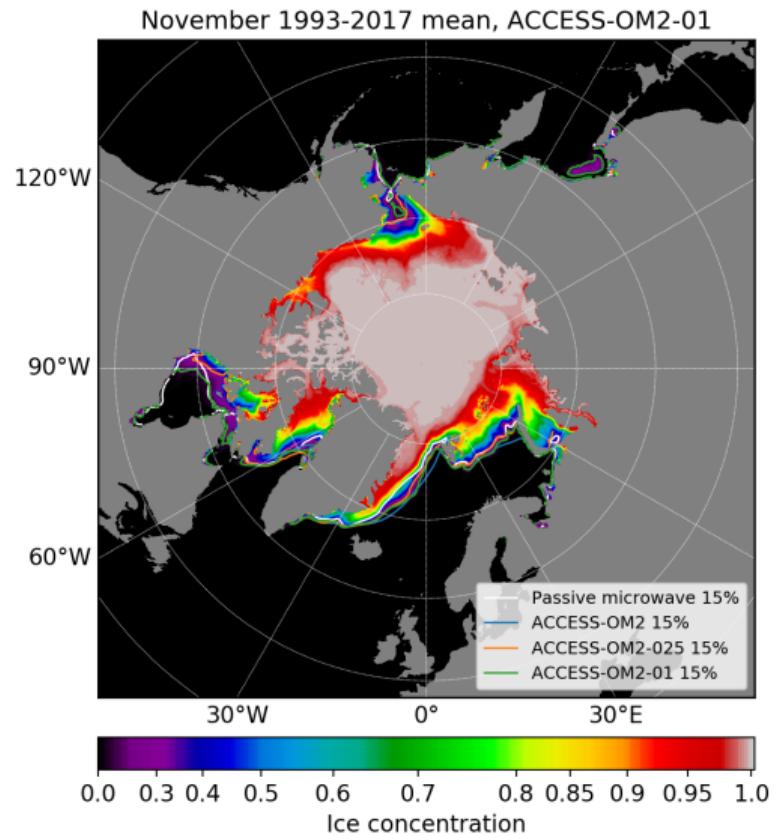
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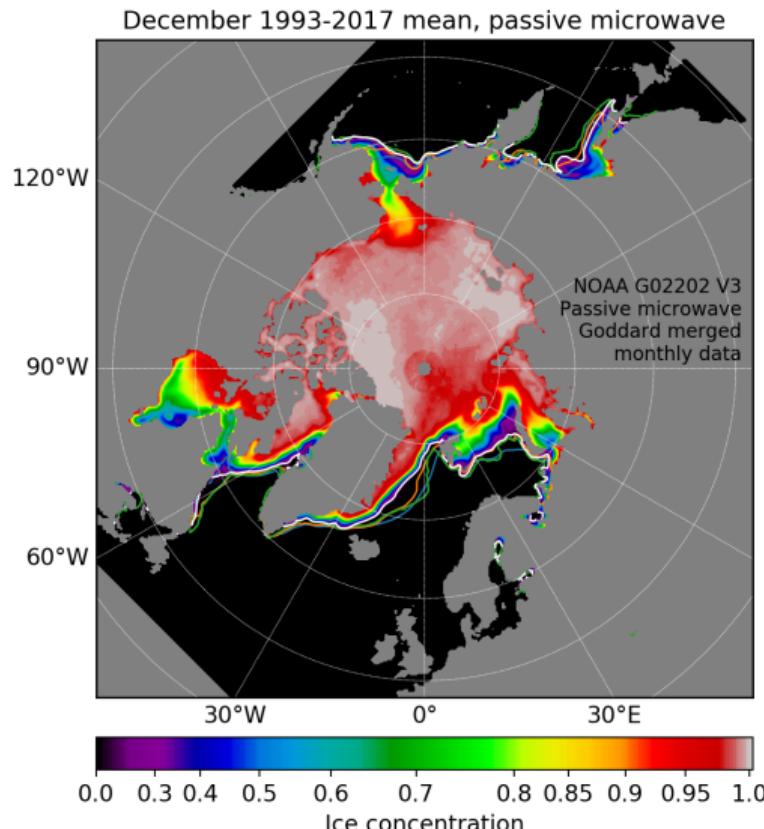
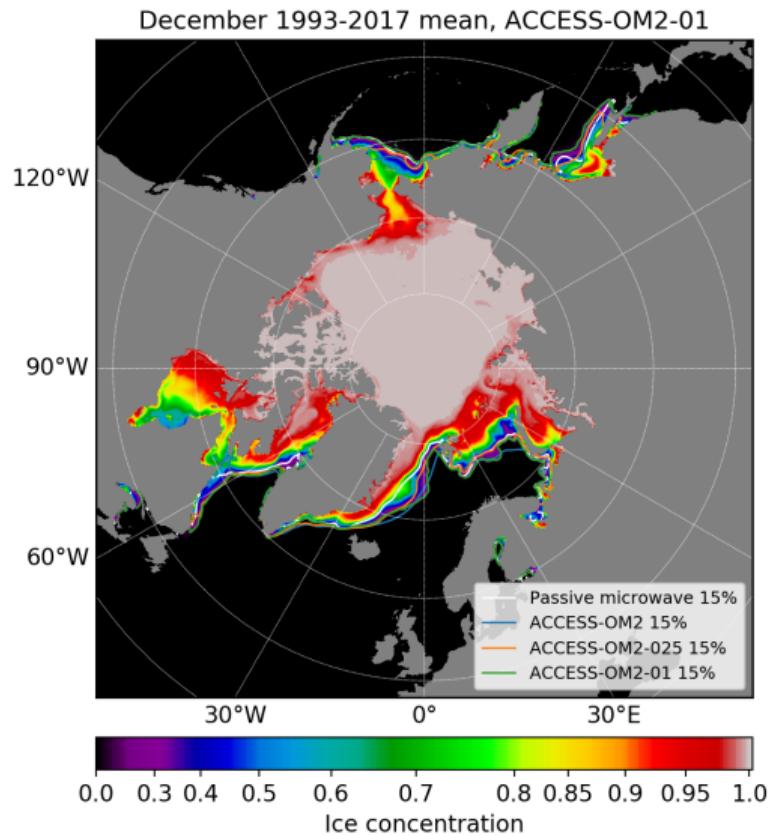
# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)



# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

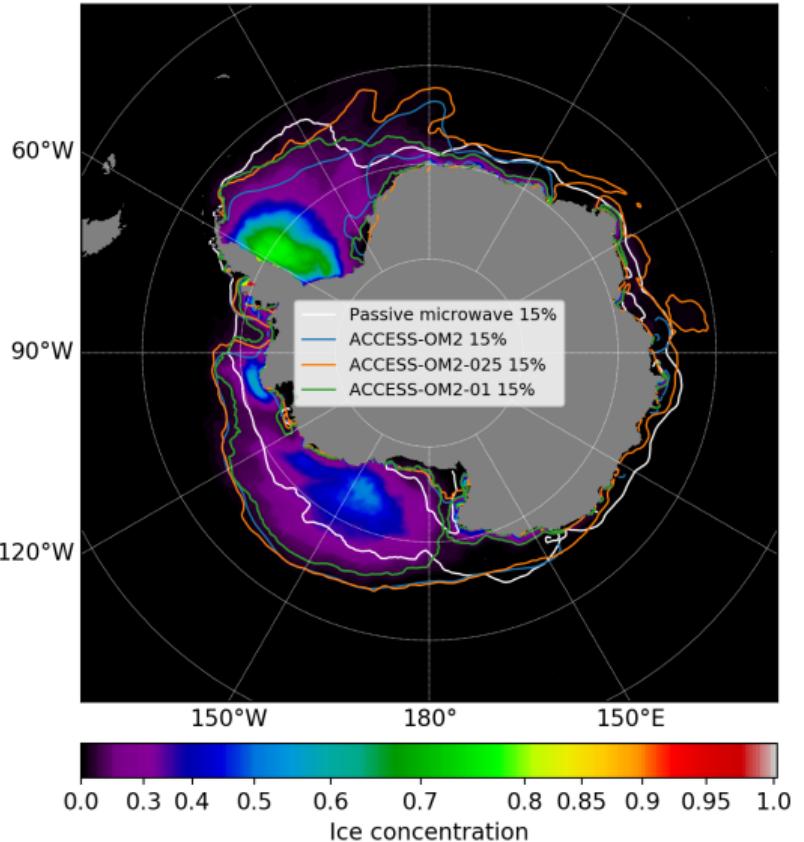


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

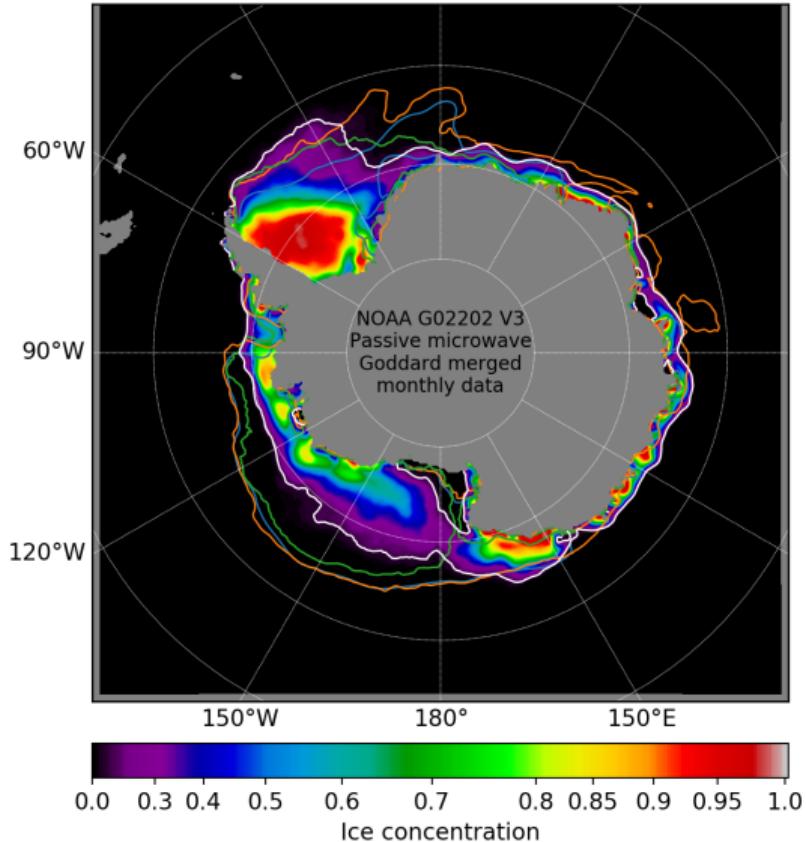


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

January 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

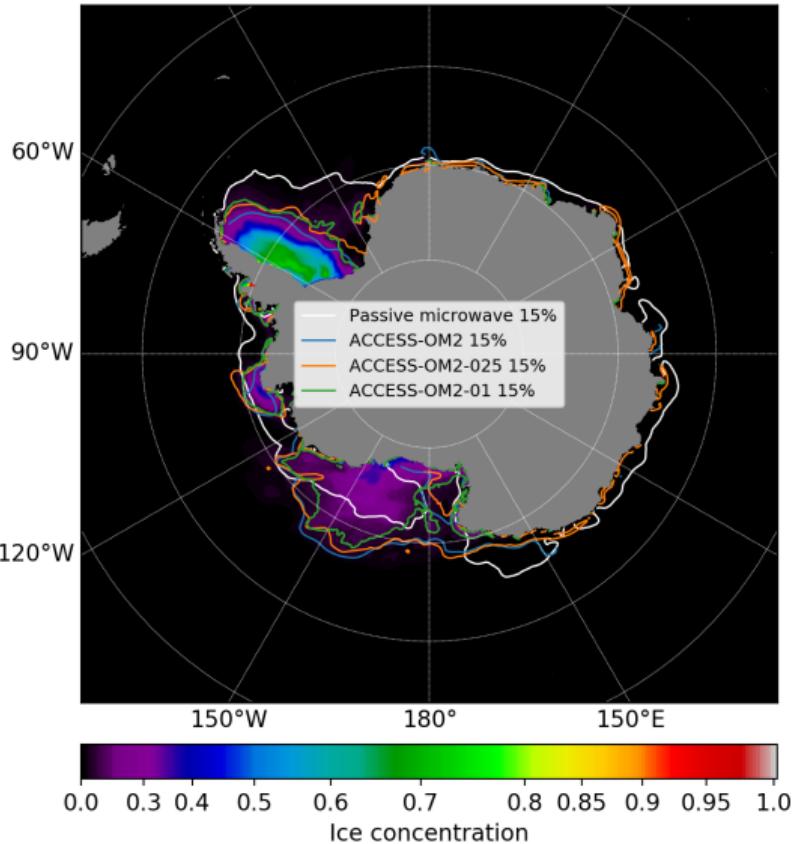


January 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

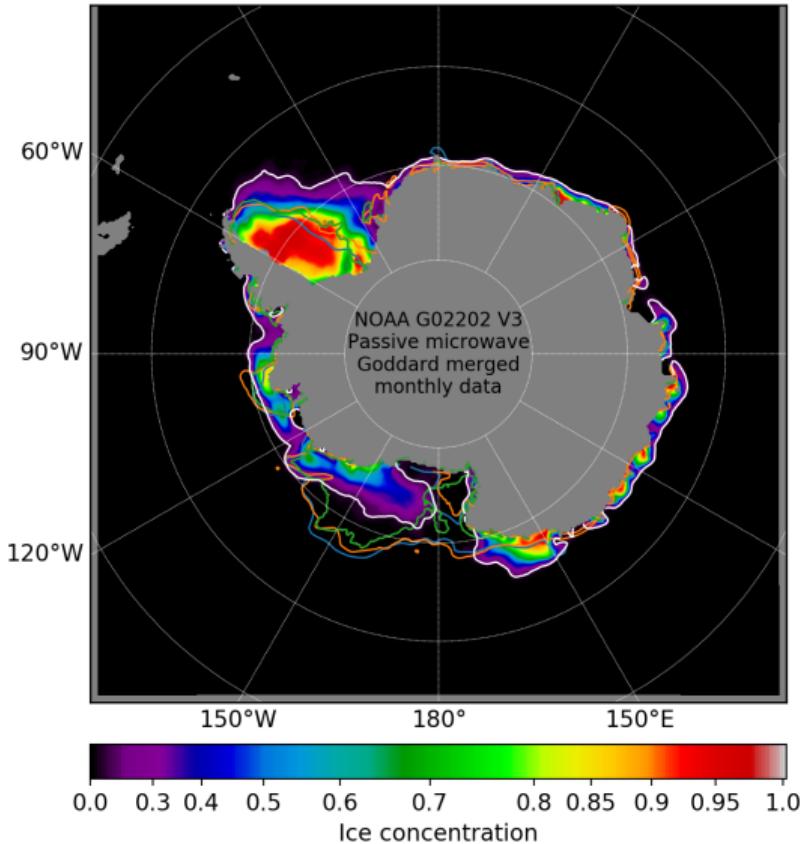


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

February 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

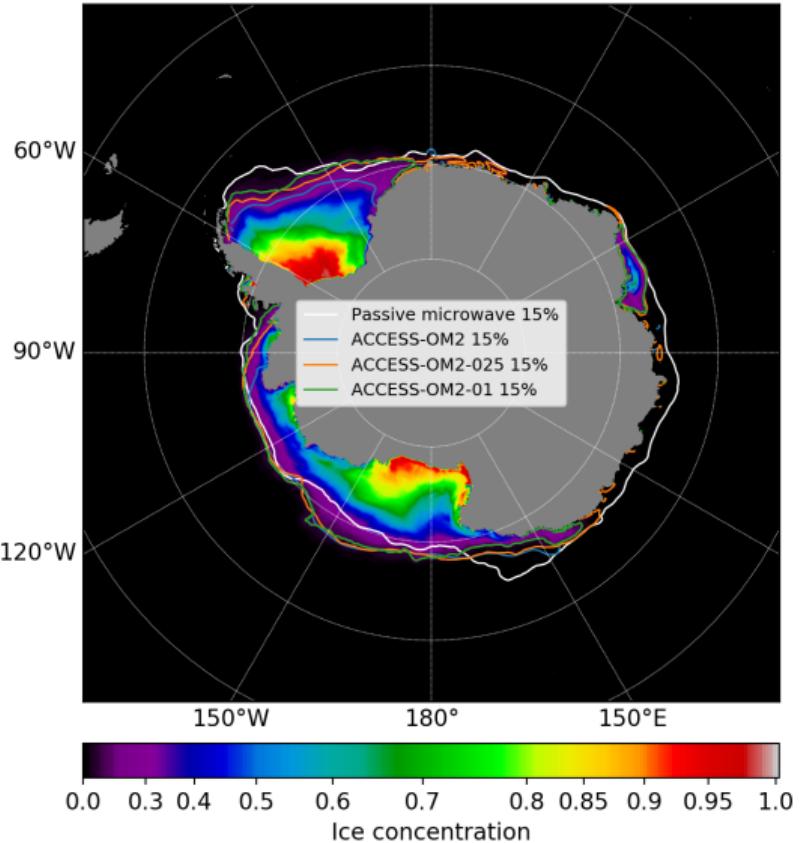


February 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

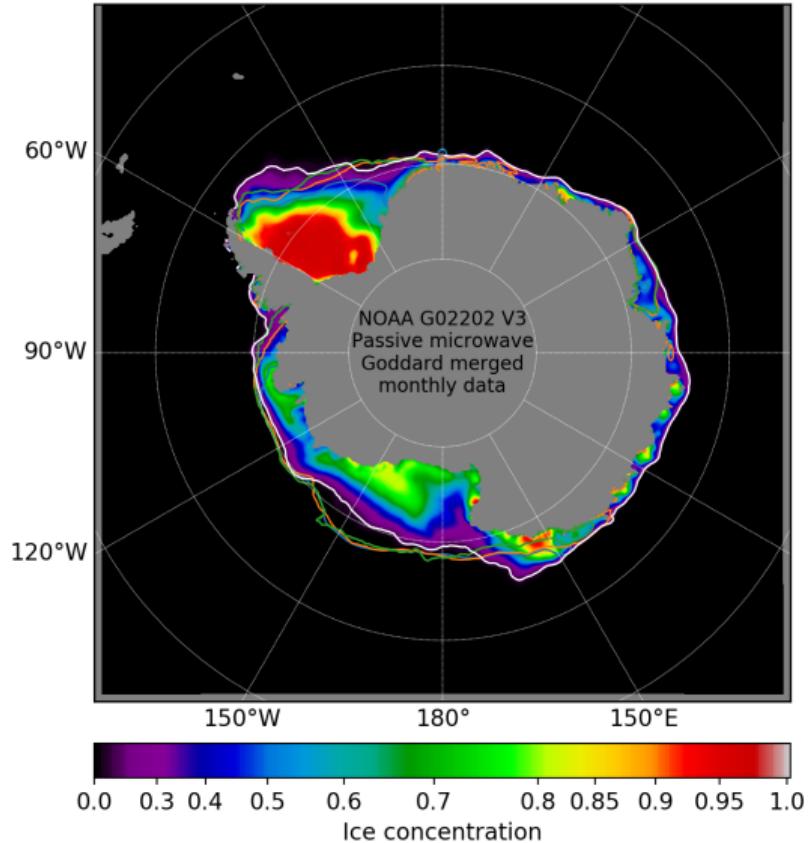


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

March 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

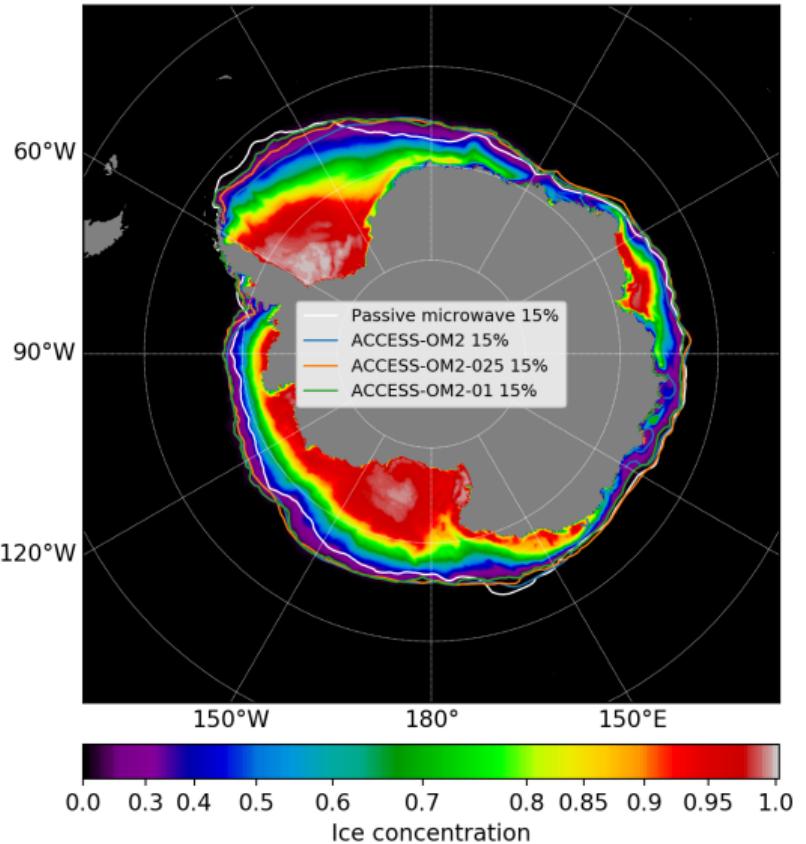


March 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

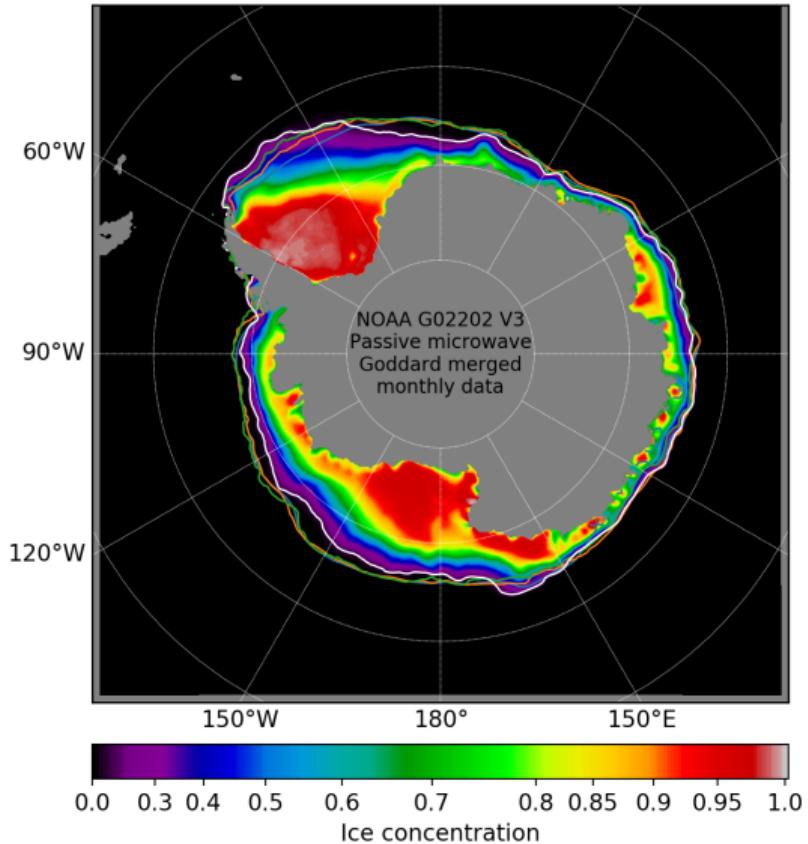


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

April 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

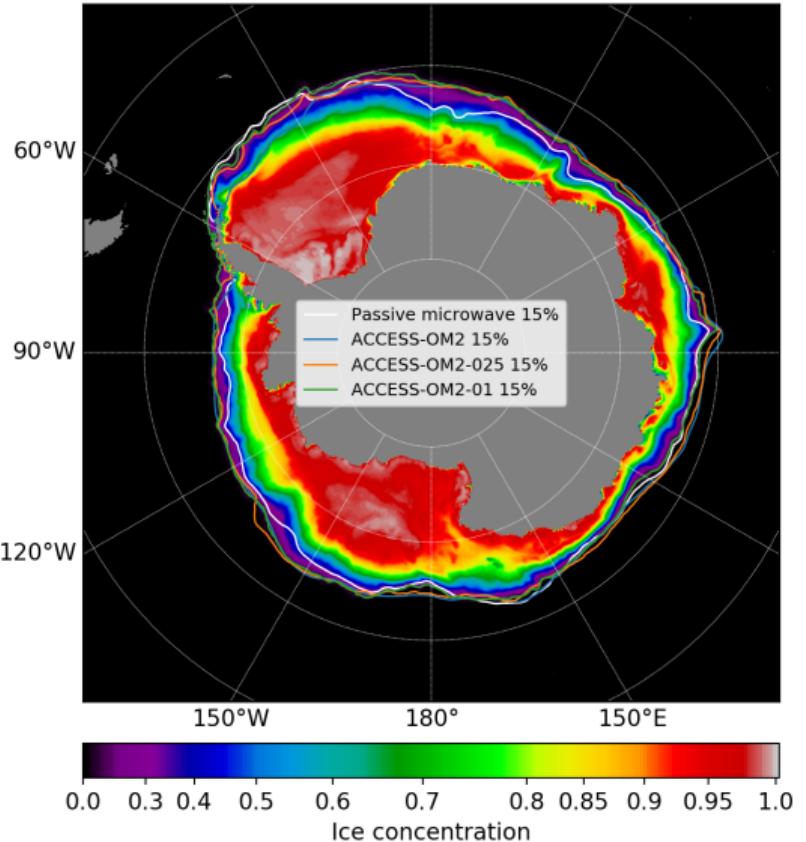


April 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

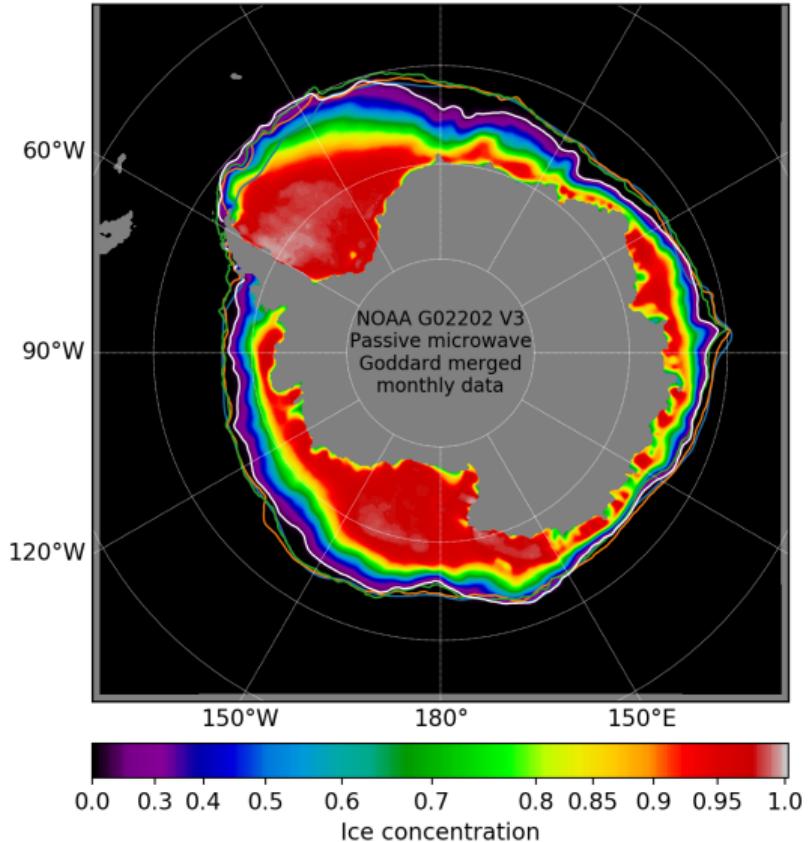


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

May 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

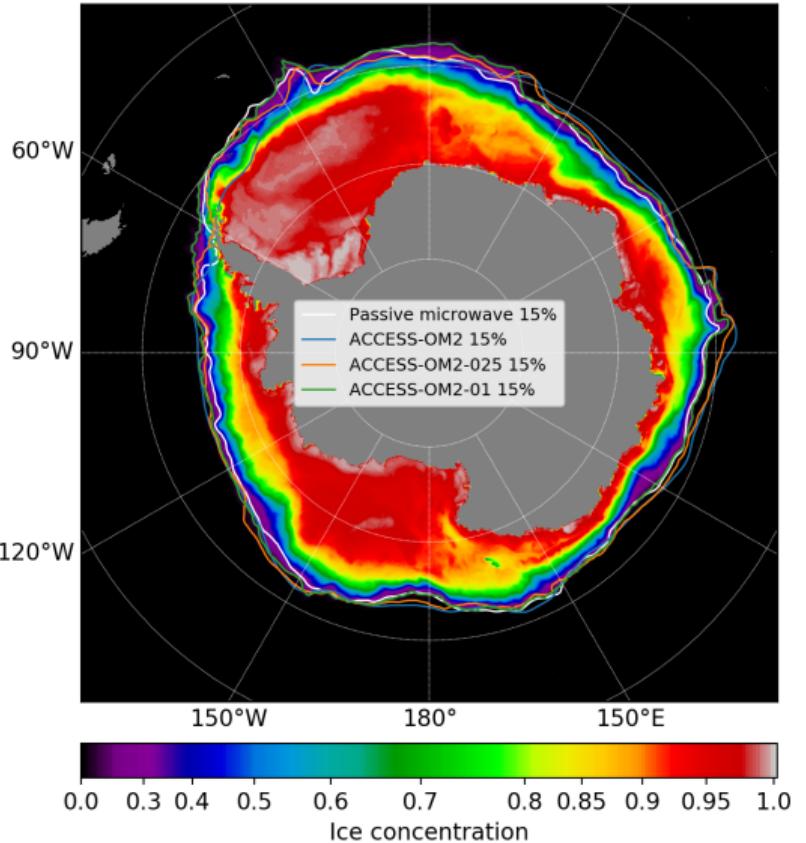


May 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

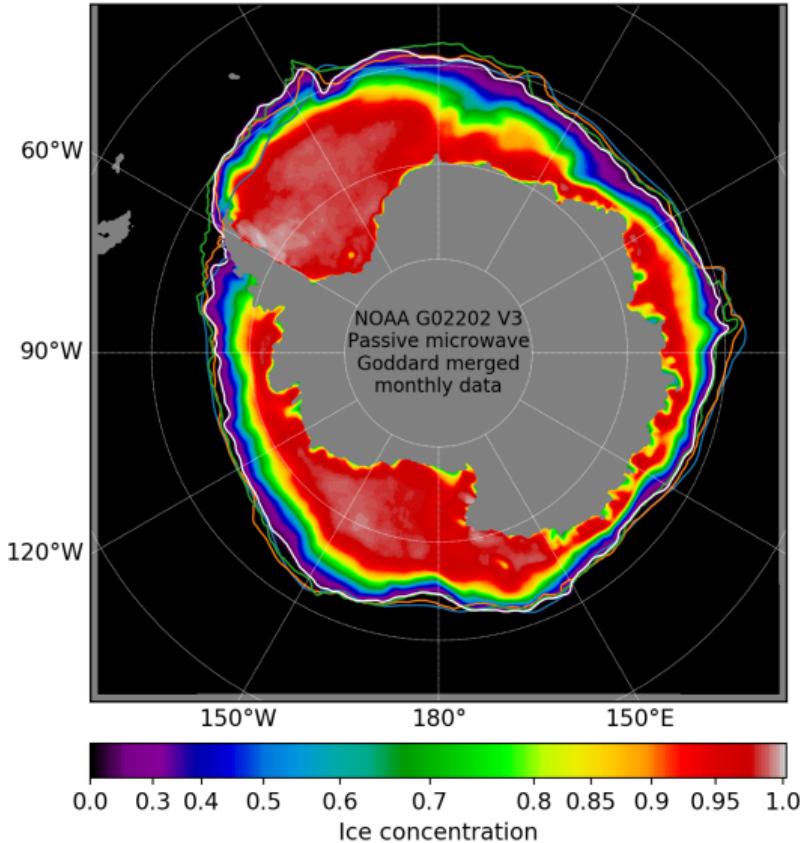


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

June 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

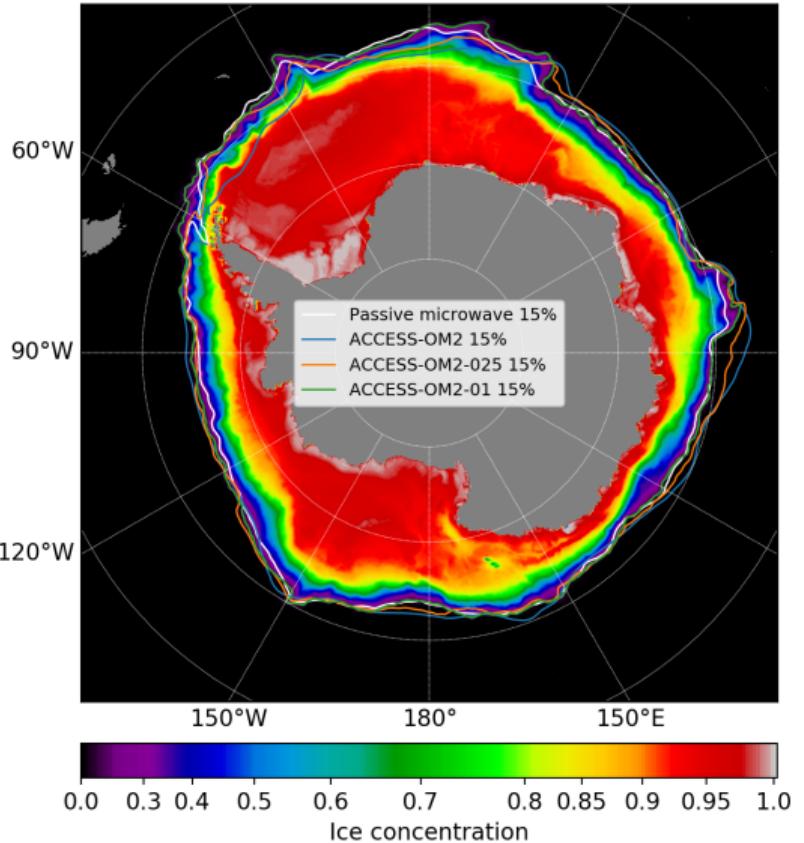


June 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

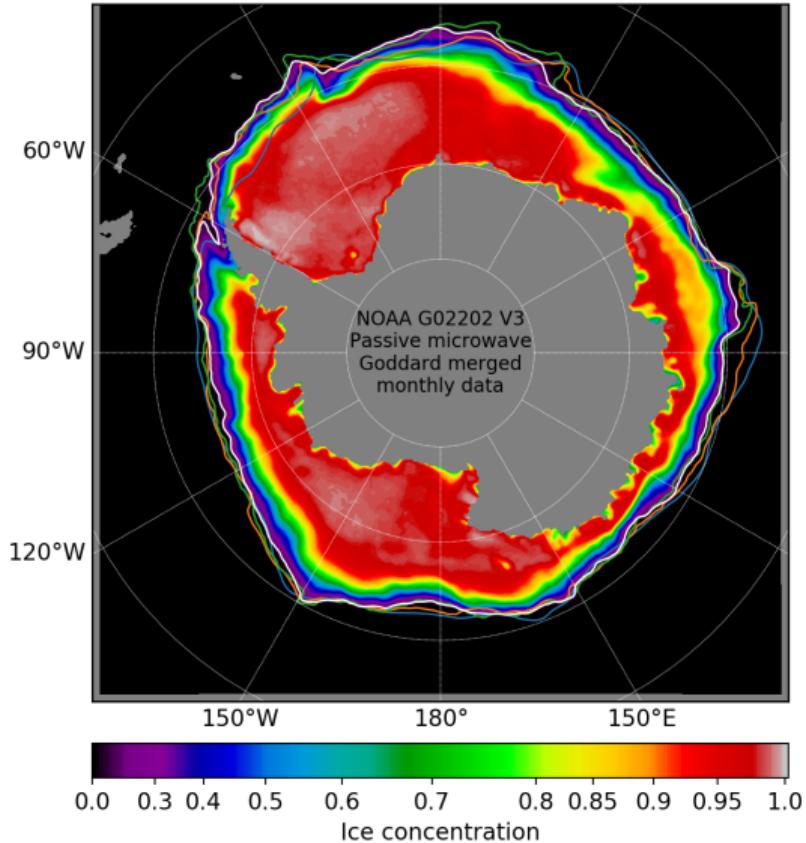


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

July 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

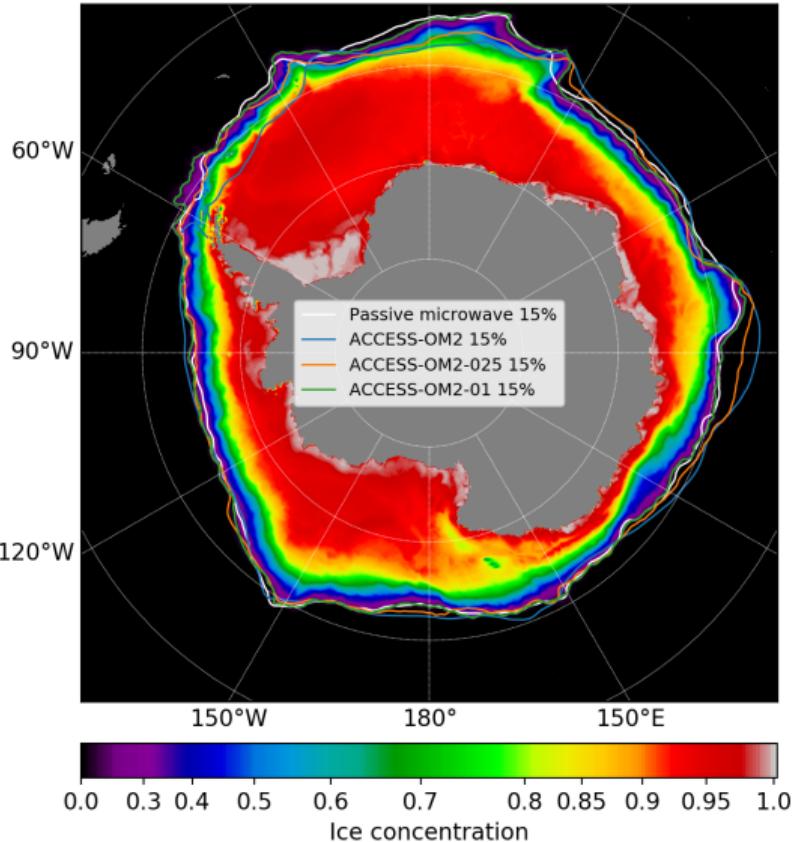


July 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

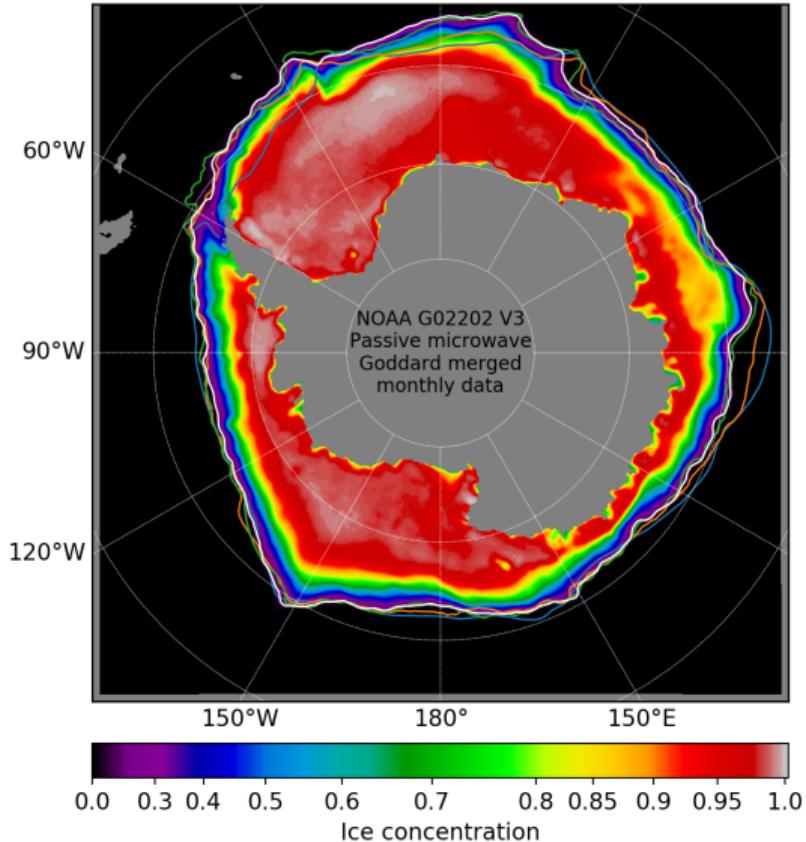


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

August 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

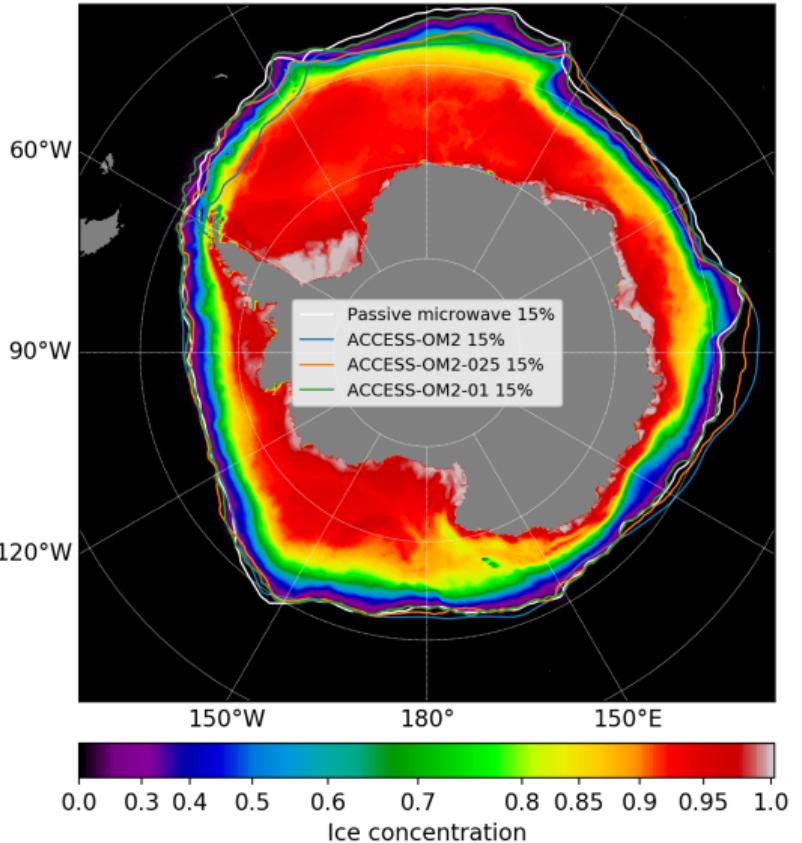


August 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

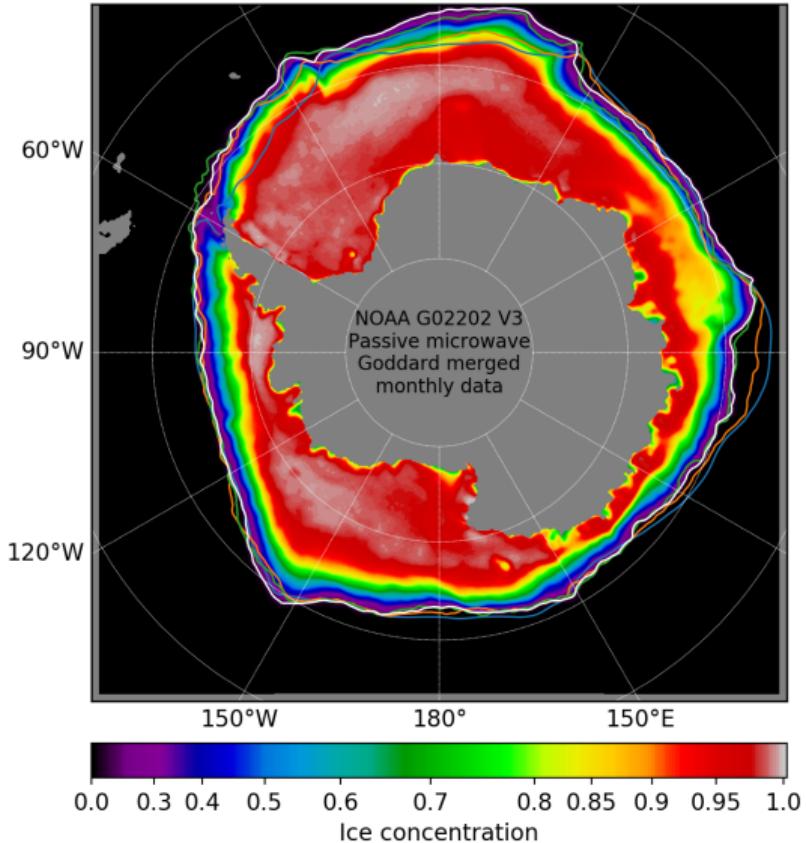


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

September 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

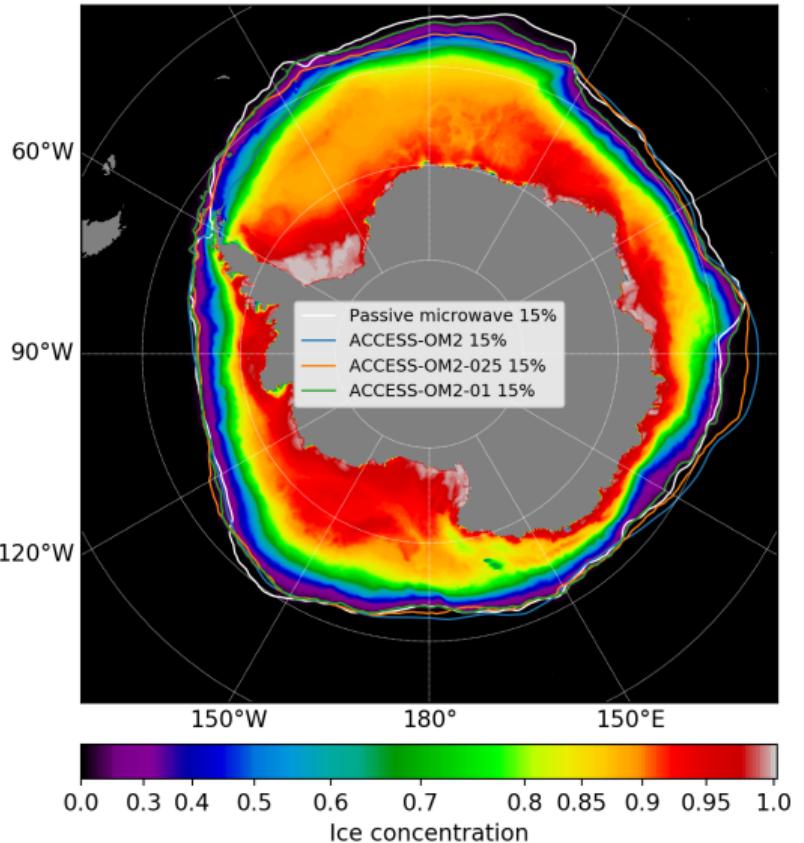


September 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

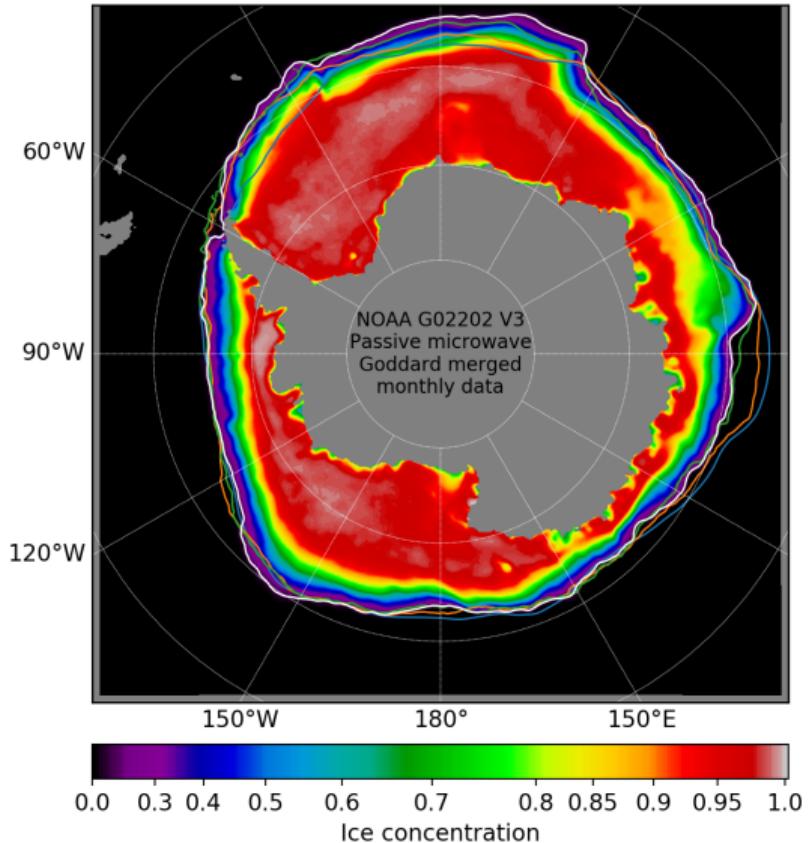


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

October 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

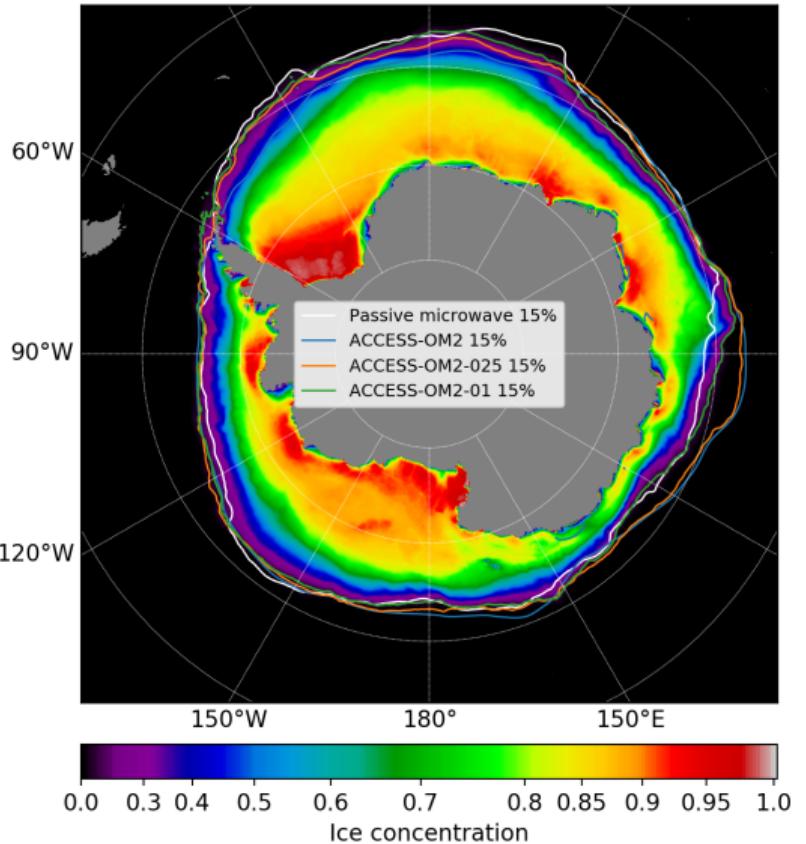


October 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

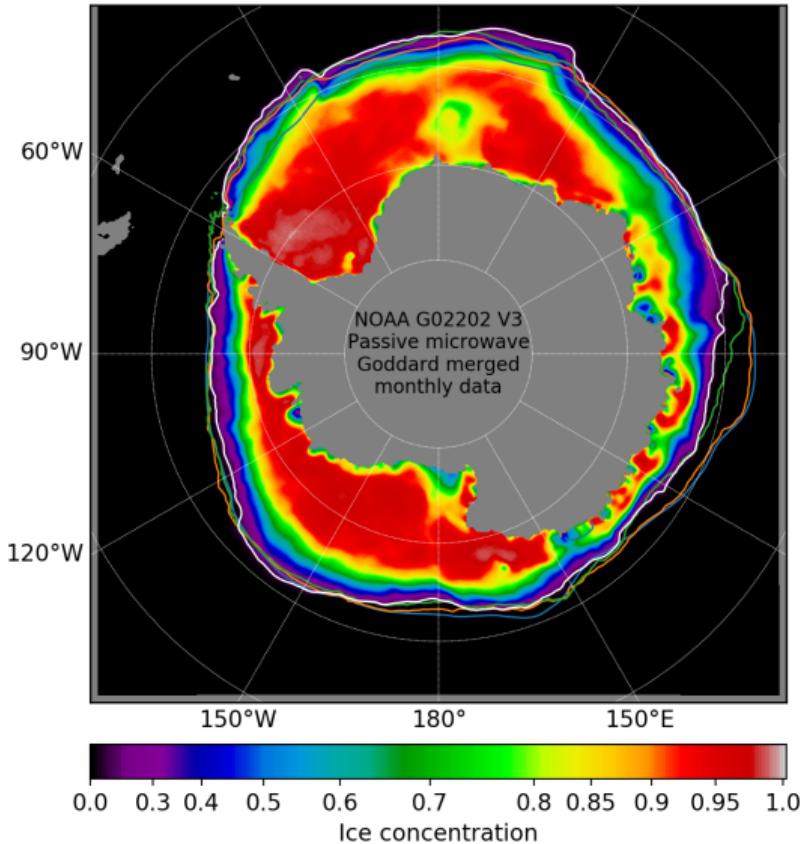


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

November 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

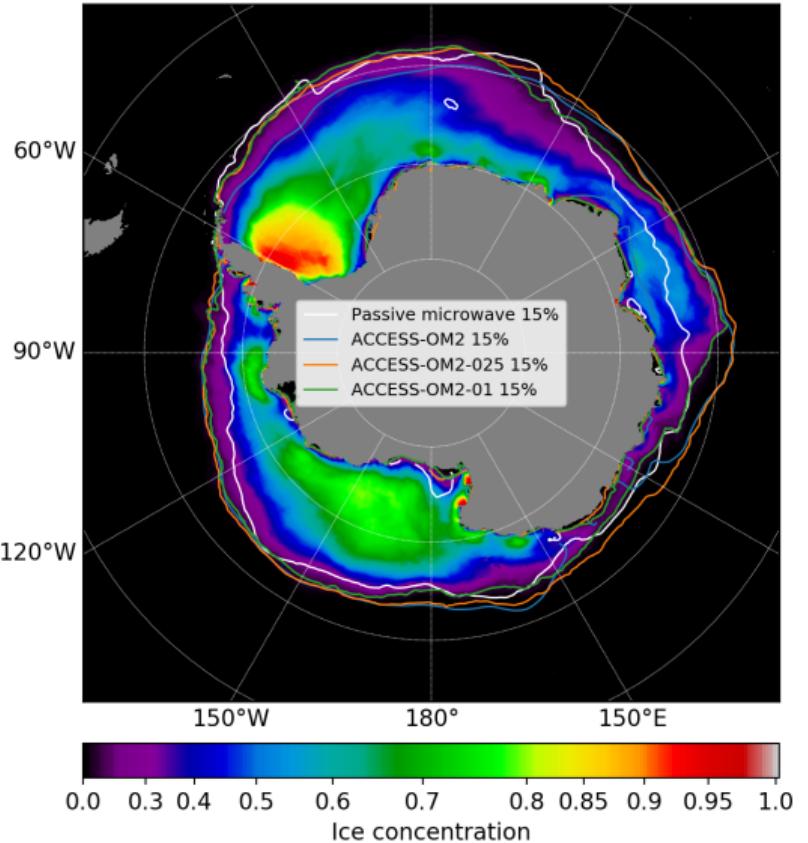


November 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave

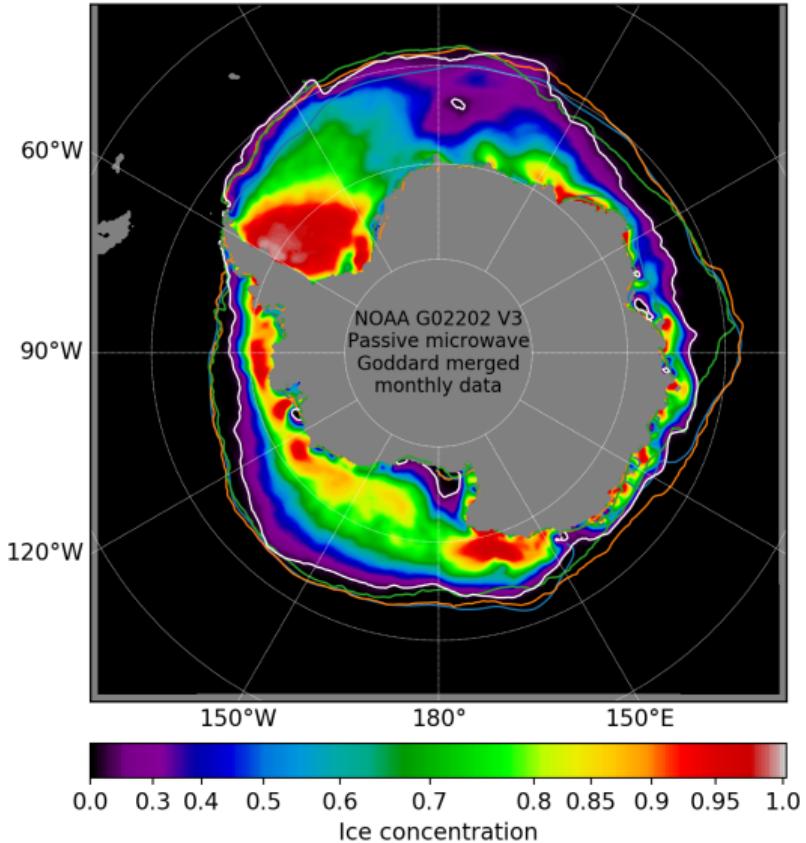


# Ice concentration (1993–2017 monthly mean)

December 1993–2017 mean, ACCESS-OM2-01

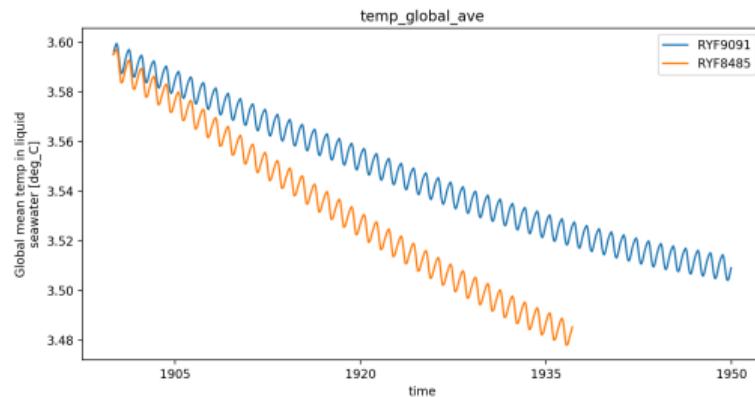
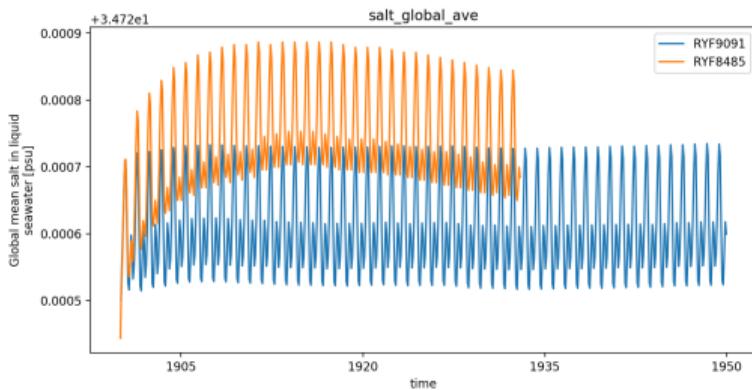


December 1993–2017 mean, passive microwave



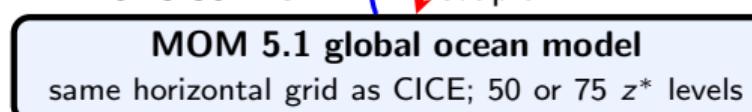
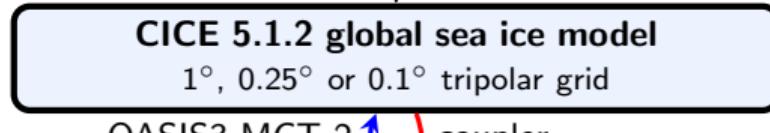
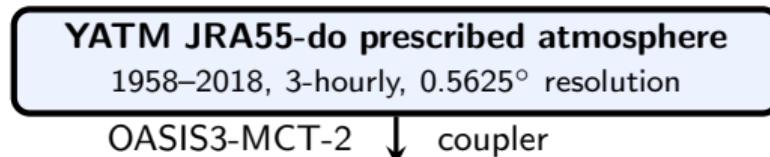
## New 0.1° 1990–91 repeat-year run (Andy Hogg)

- ▶ Repeat-year-forcing (RYF) used for perturbation experiments (e.g. Ruth's talk)
- ▶ Previous May 1984 – April 1985 RYF control run had varying parameters
- ▶ ⇒ New, uniform control run, under May 1990 – April 91 RYF (more neutral)
- ▶ 50 years done; additional decade or two to begin very soon
  - ▶ **Let us know what diagnostics you need!**



Run	years	submissions	crashes	MSU	walltime	human time
RYF8485	48	662	184	6.5	1,108 hr	11 mo.
RYF9091	50	202	6	3.3	512 hr	2 mo.

# ACCESS-OM2 coupled model components and performance



CPUs

1

24 at  $1^\circ$

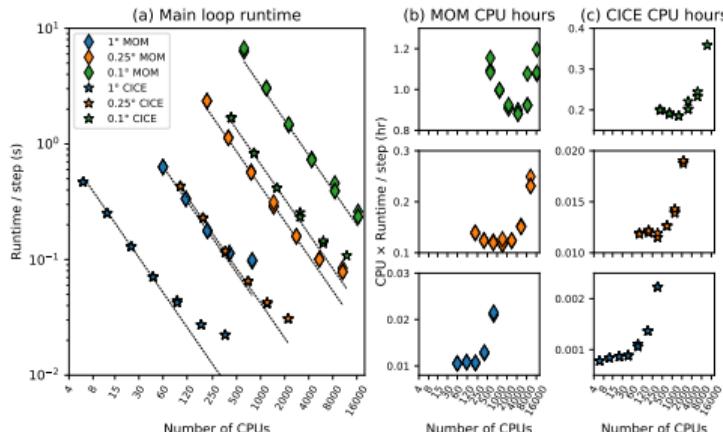
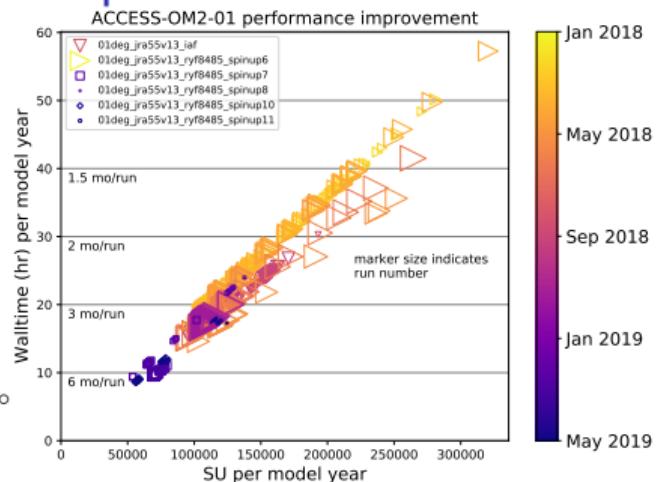
361 at  $0.25^\circ$

722 at  $0.1^\circ$

216 at  $1^\circ$

1455 at  $0.25^\circ$

4358 at  $0.1^\circ$



Major development effort greatly improved model performance and stability, particularly at  $0.1^\circ$ :

- ▶ MOM scales linearly up to 16,000 CPUs.
- ▶ CICE scales linearly up to 2000 CPUs.
- ▶ Now able to complete 6 model months within 5 hr job limit.

## Technical progress

- ▶ YATM file-based atmosphere to support interannual forcing (Nic Hannah)
- ▶ ACCESS-CM2 and ACCESS-OM2 harmonisation (Aidan Heerdegen, Russ Fiedler, Peter Dobrohotoff, Marshall Ward, et al.)
- ▶ Code profiling (Marshall Ward)
- ▶ Halved ACCESS-OM2-01 walltime and SU (Russ Fiedler, Andrew Kiss, Nic Hannah)
- ▶ Run manifests automatically store complete run logs for reproducibility (Aidan Heerdegen)
- ▶ FAFMIP support (Russ Fiedler)

## Coming soon

- ▶ Getting ACCESS-OM2 ready for Gadi — new compilers and Open MPI and NetCDF libraries (Rui Yang, NCI)
- ▶ New standard ACCESS-OM2 configurations (Andrew Kiss)
- ▶ New 1958–2017 IAF spinup at  $0.1^\circ$  (Andrew Kiss)
- ▶ WOMBAT biogeochemistry (Russ Fiedler)
- ▶ JRA55-do 1.4.0 support (Andrew Kiss)
- ▶ Additive and multiplicative forcing perturbations (Nic Hannah, Andrew Kiss)
- ▶ Parallel I/O in CICE (Nic Hannah)
- ▶ Major COSIMA Cookbook improvements (Angus Gibson, James Munroe)
- ▶ Investigating high-resolution regional MOM6 (Angus Gibson)

## Summary

- ▶ ACCESS-OM2 is a global coupled ocean - sea ice model at 3 resolutions, unifying and improving ACCESS-CM2 and Bluelink codebases and configurations
  - ▶ Multiple resolutions are suitable for studies of resolution dependence and parameterisation
  - ▶ Parallel scaling to very high CPU counts
  - ▶ Model biases reduced at high resolution
  - ▶ Collaborative development: code, configs, inputs, outputs, analysis scripts etc. all freely available
    - ▶ code: <https://github.com/COSIMA/access-om2>
    - ▶ output: **/g/data3/hh5/tmp/cosima** on NCI
  - ▶ Many projects now using ACCESS-OM2 suite output data and models
- ▶ Model description paper in review at Geosci. Model Dev. Discussions; preprint: **doi:10.5194/gmd-2019-106**